# Asian Studies Center



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# THE U.S AND ASIA: A STATISTICAL HANDBOOK 1987 EDITION

# **INTRODUCTION**

U.S. trade with Western Europe last year totalled \$155.9 billion. By contrast, trade with Asia exceeded \$220.9 billion. Of total U.S. trade, Europe accounted for 25.8 percent, while Asia claimed 36.2 percent. These numbers make an undeniable point: the center of gravity of U.S. economic ties is shifting toward Asia. As it does, political and diplomatic trends likely will follow.

The economic dynamism of the region's free-market countries makes them an increasingly important market for U.S. exports, and few areas of the world offer such a wide range of investment opportunities. As these countries develop, however, many potential dangers exist under the surface.

Communist Vietnam and North Korea pose military threats to their neighbors, while elsewhere domestic political tension can lead to violence. Even the South Pacific Islands are not immune from political upheaval--two weeks ago the government of Fiji was overthrown by a coup.

That is why this Handbook provides information on military, political and social factors, as well as economic developments. Nearly all Asian countries have been included in this new edition, which updates the statistical data published last year in The Heritage Foundation's "The U.S. and the Pacific Rim". In expanding the scope of this study,

information has been included on fifteen additional countries: North Korea, Nepal, Bhutan, the Maldives, Vietnam, Cambodia, Laos, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Vanuatu, Fiji, the Solomon Islands, Western Samoa, Macau, and Mongolia.

The entry on each country has been expanded to include literacy, life expectancy, currency, U.S. foreign assistance, the name and population of the capital city, and expanded coverage of economic growth rates and Consumer Price Index increases.

The many sources used in compiling this Handbook include: the Far Eastern Economic Review's <u>Yearbook</u>, the International Institute of Strategic Studies' <u>The Military Balance</u>, the International Monetary Fund's <u>International Financial Statistics Yearbook</u> and <u>Direction of Trade Statistics Yearbook</u>, the International Trade Administration's <u>Foreign Economic Trends</u>, the U.S. Bureau of Census' <u>Highlights of the U.S. Exports and Import Trade</u> and the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency's <u>World Factbook</u> and <u>Handbook of Economic Statistics</u>. The U.S. Department of Commerce and the International Trade Administration were especially helpful in locating sources.

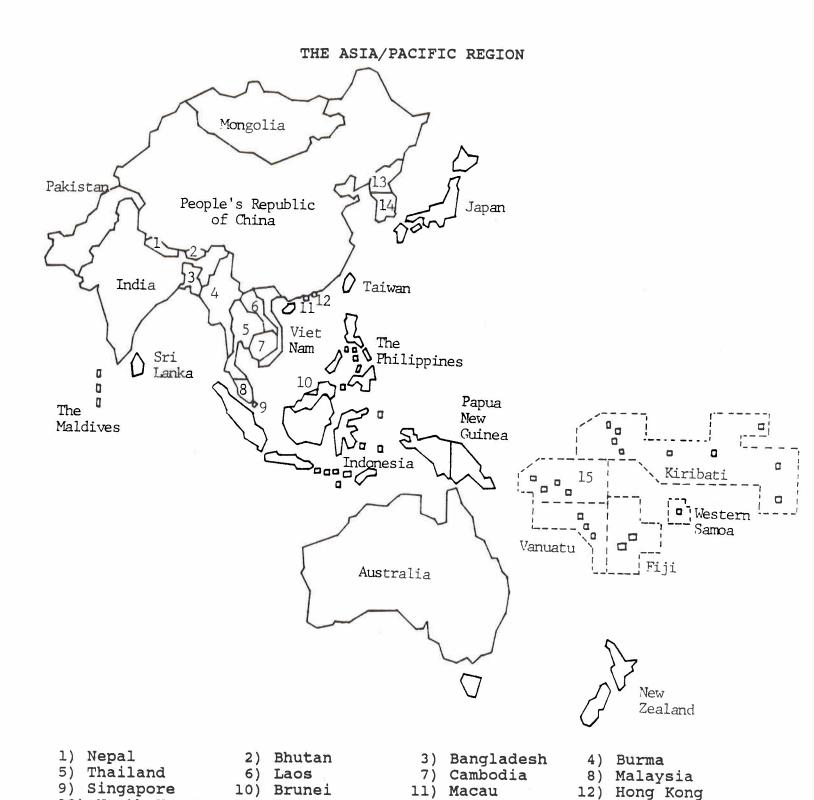
As much as possible, 1986 end of the year statistics were used. Population estimates are from mid-year, and most per capita Gross National Product figures are from 1985.

In the Handbook, GDP stands for Gross Domestic Product, which is a measure of the productive capacity within the national boundaries of a given country.

GNP is Gross National Product, a measure of the productive capacity that is under the countrol of the country. Thus, overseas operations count in the second, but not the first, category. Growth is defined as "real" growth, (the percentage increase in the GNP minus the percentage increase in inflation) and may not correspond exactly with the nominal GNP.

CPI stands for Consumer Price Index and indicates the increase in the cost of living for average consumers.

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#### AUSTRALIA

LAND: 2,966,200 square miles

Cultivated: 2.5% Forest: 5.4% Pasture: 61.%

Resources: bauxite, coal, iron ore, copper, tin, silver, uranium, nickel, mineral sands, lead, zinc, diamonds, natural gas, oil

POPULATION: 15,793,000

Annual Population Growth: 1.0%

Projected Population in 2000: 17,200,000

Life Expectancy: 75

Literacy: 98.5%

Ethnic Divisions: Caucasian: 99%, Asian and Aboriginal: 1%

Religions: Anglican: 26.1%, Catholic: 26.0%, other Christian: 24.3%

Workforce: 6,800,000

Commerce and Services: 63.% Manufacturing: 17.% Agriculture and Fishing: 8.% Construction: 7.%

Government and Public Authorities: 5.%

Students: Primary: 1.8m Secondary: 1.3m Tertiary: 1.2m

# **ECONOMY:**

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: Australian dollar (100 cents), 1 US\$= 1.5 A\$

Major Industries: mining, iron and steel, industrial and transportation equipment, food processing, textiles, aircraft, ships, chemicals

Major Agricultural Products: wheat, barley, oats, corn, hay,

lamb, meat, sugar, dairy products, wine, fruit, vegetables, sugar Major Imports: machinery, manufactures, transportation equipment,

chemicals, petroleum, metal goods, textiles and clothing

Major Exports: wheat, coal, wool, iron ore, metal manufactures, meat, dairy products, petroleum, machinery

Per Capita GNP (1985): US\$ 10,892

Economic Statistics (Billions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GNP	147.72	159.67	154.61	154.60	169.39	153.29	167.4
GDP Growth	1.6%	3.5%	0.1%	0.7%	6.9%	4.2%	3.0%
CPI Rise	10.1%	9.7%	11.1%	10.1%	4.0%	6.7%	7.8%
Exports	22.031	21.796	22.077	20.651	23.875	22.611	22.8
to US	2.782	2.707	2.552	2.442	2.899	3.068	2.872
Imports	20.335	23.763	24.073	19.420	23.423	23.499	27.3
from US	4.093	5.242	4.534	3.954	4.793	5.440	5.551

Australia is the 15th largest U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

Capital: Canberra, pop. 222,000 (1984)

Type of Government: Federal Parliamentary State

Type of Chief of State: British Monarch Name of Chief of State: Queen Elizabeth II

Name of Head of Government: Prime Minister Robert Hawke

Foreign Minister: William Hayden

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 1 Civil Liberties: 1

Status of Freedom: Free

1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 60.2%

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: none Military: none

# MILITARY:

1986/7 Military Budget: US\$ 4.628 billion

Increase Over 1985/6: 4.8%

Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: 2.9% Percent of Government Spending: 9.9%

Total Regular Forces: 70,456

Reserves: 26,122 Army: 32,116

Navy: 15,553 Airforce: 22,787

Combat Aircraft: 129

Naval Vessels: 6 Attack Submarines, 3 Destroyers, 10 Frigates, 21

Large Patrol Craft, 2 Minehunters

Security Alliance with U.S.: ANZUS (without New Zealand).

U.S. Military Installations: U.S. Navy has access to Cockburn Sound Naval facilities, joint Australian-U.S. communication/intelligence facilities at Northwest Cape, Nurrungar and Pine Gap.

#### INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: US\$ 8,564,000,000 1985 Australian Direct Investment in the U.S.: US\$ 2,660,000,000

# TOURISM

1986 Tourist Arrivals: 1,142,000 Visas to U.S.: 147,744 U.S. Residents in Australia: 64,307 Residents in U.S.: 1,362

#### BANGLADESH

LAND: 55,813 square miles

Cultivated: 59.7% Forest: 14.8% Pasture: 5.4%

Resources: natural gas, uranium, offshore oil

POPULATION: 104,205,000

Annual Population Growth: 2.7%

Projected Population in 2000: 144,700,000

Life Expectancy: 53

Literacy: 29%

Ethnic Divisions: Bengali: 98%, Bihari and tribal groups: 2%

Religions: Muslim: 83%, Hindu: 16%, Buddhist, Christian, other: 1%

Workforce: 31,000,000

Commerce and Services: 16.4% Manufacturing: 9.8% Agriculture and Fishing: 60.3% Construction: 3.1%

Government and Public Authorities: 10.4%

Students: Primary: 8.92m Secondary: 2.49m Tertiary: .47m

# **ECONOMY:**

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: Taka (100 poisha), 1 US\$ = 30.5 Taka

Major Industries: jute manufactures, food processing, cotton textiles

Major Agricultural Products: jute, rice, tea

Major Imports: capital equipment, foodgrains, petroleum, raw cotton,

fertilizer, manufactured products

Major Exports: raw and manufactured jute, leather, tea

Per Capita GNP (1986): US\$ 150.

Economic Statistics (Billions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GDP	11.18	11.75	11.01	11.53	13.48	12.83	na
GDP Growth	1.3%	6.8%	0.8%	3.6%	4.2%	3.1%	4.82%
CPI Rise	13.4%	16.2%	12.5%	9.4%	10.5%	10.7%	9.94%
Exports	0.790	0.791	0.768	0.724	0.931	0.998	0.78
to US	0.100	0.105	0.088	0.109	0.159	0.227	0.264
Imports	2.610	2.651	2.418	2.291	2.692	2.692	3.1
from US	0.292	0.158	0.227	0.190	0.303	0.219	0.165

Bangladesh is a minor U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF BANGLADESH

Capital: Dhaka, pop. 3,500,000 (1984)

Type of Government: Republic

Type of Chief of State: President

Name of Chief of State: Hossain Mohamad Ershad

Name of Head of Government: same

Foreign Minister: Humayun Rasheed Chowdhury

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: Civil Liberties: 5

Status of Freedom: Partly Free 1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 16.1%

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: US\$ 181,828,000 Military: US\$ 272,000

# MILITARY

1985/6 Military Budget: US\$ 167,502,000

Increase Over 1984/5: -38.72%

Expentiture as Percentage of GNP: 1.7% Percent of Government Spending: 19.83%

Total Regular Forces: 91,300

Reserves: 30,000 Army: 81,800 Airforce: 3,000 Navy: 6,500

Combat Aircraft: 30

Naval Vessels: 3 Frigates, 4 Fast-Attack Craft (gun), 14 Fast-Attack Craft (patrol), 4 Fast-Attack Craft (torpedo), 6 Large Patrol Craft.

Security Alliance with U.S.: none U.S. Military Installations: none

# INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: US\$ 10,000,000

1985 Bangladeshi Direct Investment in the U.S.: US\$ 0

#### TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: 142,000 Visas to U.S.: 3,013

U.S. Residents in Bangladesh: 820 Visas to U.S.: 3,013 Residents in U.S.: 1,146

#### BHUTAN

LAND: 17,800 square miles

Cultivated: 8.8% Forest: 68.7% Pasture: 1.9%

Resources: timber, hydroelectric power

POPULATION: 1,446,000

Annual Population Growth: 2%

Projected Population in 2000: 1,900,000

Life Expectancy: 46

Literacy: 5%

Ethnic Divisions: Bhote: 60%, Nepalese: 25%, Tribal groups: 15%

Religions: Lamaistic Buddism: 75%, Hinduism: 25%

Workforce: 650,000

Commerce and Services: 3.6% Manufacturing: 0.7% Agriculture and Fishing: 93.% Construction: na

Government and Public Authorities: 2.%

Students: Primary: 49,485 Secondary: 2,967 Tertiary: na

# **ECONOMY:**

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: Ngultrum (100 chetrum), 1 US\$ = 12.78 Ngultrum (1985)

Major Industries: cement, wood products, chemical products,

mining, distilling, food processing, handicrafts

Major Agricultural Products: maize, rice, oranges, potatoes, wheat

Major Imports: aircraft, fuel, rice, motor vehicles, textiles, machinery

Major Exports: cement, talc powder, agricultural products, sawn

timber, potatoes

Per Capita GNP (1985): US\$ 140.

Economic Statistics (Millions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GDP	100.	113.	120.	120.	130.	155.6	na
GNP Growth*	na	6.4%	6.4%	6.4%	6.4%	6.4%	na
CPI Rise	na	na	na	na	8.4%	10.%	na
Exports	na	na	17.70	14.04#	15.6#	15.1#	na
to US	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Imports	na	na	54.86	39.40#	80.4#	69.4#	na
from US	na	na	na	na	na	na	na

<sup>\*</sup> Average growth during the period

Bhutan is not a U.S. trading partner.

<sup>#</sup> Merchandise trade, not total

Official Name of Country: KINGDOM OF BHUTAN

Capital: Thimphu, pop. 15,000 (1982)

Type of Government: Monarchy Type of Chief of State: King

Name of Chief of State: Jigme Singye Wangchuck

Name of Head of Government: same

Foreign Minister: Lyonpo Dawa Tsering

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 5 Civil Liberties: 6

Status of Freedom: Partly Free 1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 13.9%

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: US\$ 526,000

Military: none

**MILITARY** 

1986 Military Budget: not available Increase Over 1985: not available

Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: not available Percent of Government Spending: not available

Total Regular Forces: not available

Reserves: na

Army: na

Navy: 0

Airforce: na

Combat Aircraft: not available

Naval Vessels: 0

Security Alliance with U.S.: none U.S. Military Installations: none

INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: na

1985 Bhutanese Direct Investment in the U.S.: na

TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: 1,892

Visas to U.S.: 55

U.S. Residents in Bhutan: na Residents in U.S.: na

#### BRUNEI

LAND: 2,226 square miles

Cultivated: 1% Forest: 85% Pasture: 1%

Resources: oil, natural gas, timber

POPULATION: 240,000

Annual Population Growth: 3.7%

Projected Population in 2000: 300,000

Life Expectancy: 71

Literacy: 45%

Ethnic Divisions: Malay: 64%, Chinese: 20%, other: 16%

Religions: Muslim: 60%, Christian: 8%, Buddhist and local: 32%

Workforce: 90,000

Commerce and Services: 25.% Manufacturing: 4.% Agriculture and Fishing: 5.% Construction: 19.%

Government and Public Authorities: 47.%

Students: Primary: 34,373 Secondary: 18,565 Tertiary: 1,192

# **ECONOMY:**

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: Brunei dollar (100 cents), 1 US\$ = 2.16 B\$

Major Industries: crude petroleum, liquefied natural gas, construction

Major Agricultural Products: rice, pepper, timber

Major Imports: machinery and transport equipment, manufactured

goods, foodstuffs, consumer goods, chemicals

Major Exports: crude petroleum, petroleum products, liquified

natural gas

Per Capita GNP (1985): US\$ 16,486.

Economic Statistics (Billions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GDP	5.29	4.63	4.09	4.16	3.89	3.97	na
GNP Growth	na	na	11.7%	3.8	2.0%	-10.%	-10.%
CPI Rise	na	9.1%	6.4%	.3%	3.1%	4.0%	na
Exports	4.588	4.001	3.785	3.366	3.183	2.583	na
to US	0.293	0.343	0.219	0.019	0.011	0.002	0.064
Imports	0.573	0.589	0.731	0.724	0.621	0.749	na
from US	0.070	0.045	0.079	0.058	0.034	0.051	0.202

Brunei is a minor U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: STATE OF BRUNEI DARUSSALAM

Capital: Bandar Seri Begawan, pop. 56,300 (1986)

Type of Government: Sultanate
Type of Chief of State: Sultan

Name of Chief of State: Sir Hassanal Bolkia

Name of Head of Government: same

Foreign Minister: Prince Mohamed Bolkia

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 6 Civil Liberties: 5

Status of Freedom: Partly Free 1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 15.3%

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: none Military: none

# MILITARY

1984 Military Budget: US\$ 304,721,000

Increase Over 1983: 17.%

Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: 4.1% Percent of Government Spending: 41.3%

Total Regular Forces: 4,050

Reserves: 0 Army: 3,380 Navy: 470 Airforce: 200

Combat Aircraft: none

Naval Vessels: 3 Fast-Attack Craft (missile), 6 Patrol Craft.

Security Alliance with U.S.: none U.S. Military Installations: none

# INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: US\$ 3,000,000

1985 Bruneian Direct Investment in the U.S.: less than US\$ 500,000

#### TOURISM

1984 Tourist Arrivals: 6,000 Visas to U.S.: 420 U.S. Residents in Brunei: 130 Residents in U.S.: 16

#### BURMA

LAND: 261,149 square miles

Cultivated: 12.2% Forest: 47.6% Pasture: 3.3%

Resources: oil, copper, asbestos, marble, limestone, teak

POPULATION: 37,651,000

Annual Population Growth: 2.0%

Projected Population in 2000: 48,200,000

Life Expectancy: 58

Literacy: 78%

Ethnic Divisions: Burmese: 72%, Karen: 7%, Shan: 6%, Indian: 6%,

Chinese: 3%, Kachin: 2%, Chin: 2%, other: 2%

Religions: Buddhist: 85%, Christian and indigenous beliefs: 15%

Workforce: 15,100,000

Commerce and Services: 19.1% Manufacturing: 8.5% Agriculture and Fishing: 64.9% Construction: 1.7%

Government and Public Authorities: 3.8%

Students: Primary: 5.02m Secondary: 1.02m Tertiary: 266,665

# ECONOMY:

Economic System: socialist

Currency: Kyat, 1 US\$ = 6.78 Kyat

Major Industries: agricultural processing, textiles and footwear, wood and wood processing, petroleum refining, copper, tin Major Agricultural Products: rice, cotton, pulses, sugarcane,

beans, peanuts, teak and hardwoods

Major Imports: machinery and transportation equipment, building materials, oil equipment, consumer goods, capital goods

Major Exports: teak, rice, pulses, beans, base metals, ores, gems Per Capita GNP (1986): US\$ 190.

Economic Statistics (Billions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GDP	5.713	5.800	6.020	6.054	6.175	6.371	6.96
GDP Growth	7.9%	6.4%	5.7%	4.8%	6.6%	3.2%	6.3%
CPI Rise	0.6%	0.3%	5.3%	5.7%	4.8%	6.8%	7.%
Exports	0.415	0.446	0.502	0.557	0.525	0.501	0.389
to US	0.009	0.016	0.018	0.012	0.015	0.015	0.015
Imports	0.785	0.823	0.894	0.724	0.622	0.646	0.594
from US	0.029	0.034	0.034	0.015	0.016	0.010	0.016

Burma is a minor U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF THE UNION OF BURMA

Capital: Rangoon, pop. 2,458,700 (1983)

Type of Government: Constitutional Dictatorship

Type of Chief of State: President Name of Chief of State: U San Yu

Name of Head of Government: Party Chairman Ne Win

Foreign Minister: Ye Goung

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 7 Civil Liberties: 7

Status of Freedom: Not Free

1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 17.1%

FY 1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: US\$ 15,965,000 Military: US\$ 263,000

#### MILITARY

1986/7 Military Budget: US\$ 247,518,000

Increase Over 1985/6: 8.4%

Expentiture as Percentage of GNP: 3.0% Percent of Government Spending: 21.4%

Total Regular Forces: 186,000

Reserves: 0 Army: 170,000 Navy: 7,000 Airforce: 4,000

Combat Aircraft: 22

Naval Vessels: 4 Corvettes, 30 Gunboats, 36 River Patrol Craft

Security Alliance with U.S.: none U.S. Military Installations: none

# INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: not available

1985 Burmese Direct Investment in the U.S.: not available

#### TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: 36,335 Visas to U.S.: 344

U.S. Residents in Burma: 24 Residents in U.S.: 990

#### CAMBODIA

LAND: 69,900 square miles

Cultivated: 11% Forest: 74% Pasture: 3%

Resources: timber, gemstones, iron ore, manganese, phosphates

POPULATION: 6,388,000

Annual Population Growth: 2.2%

Projected Population in 2000: 8,500,000

Life Expectancy: 43

Literacy: 48%

Ethnic Divisions: Khmer: 90%, Chinese: 5%, other: 5%

Religions: Theravada Buddism: 95%, other: 5%

Workforce: 2,740,000

Commerce and Services: na Manufacturing: na Agriculture and Fishing: 80.% Construction: na

Government and Public Authorities: na

Students: Primary: 1.8m Secondary: 300,000 Tertiary: 10,000

# ECONOMY:

Economic System: socialist

Currency: Riel, 1 US\$ = 30 Riel (1985)

Major Industries: textiles, cement, fishing, wood and wood products

Major Agricultural Products: rice, rubber, corn

Major Imports: fuel, consumer goods, raw materials, fertilizer,

international food aid, Soviet bloc economic assistance Major Exports: rubber, rice, pepper, timber, resin, corn

Per Capita GNP: na

Economic Statistics (Millions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GDP	na	na	na	na	630.	na	na
GDP Growth	na						
CPI Rise	na						
Exports	na	na	na	2.55	4.4	3.21	na
to US	0.	1.	0.	0.	0.	0.4	0.5
Imports	na	na	na	54.4	47.9	27.6	na
from US	26.	12.	2.	2.	1.	0.	0.2

Cambodia is a very minor U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KAMPUCHEA

Capital: Phnom Penh, pop. 200,000 (1984)

Type of Government: Communist State Type of Chief of State: President Name of Chief of State: Heng Samrin

Name of Head of Government: Prime Minister Hun Sen

Foreign Minister: same

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 lowest)

Political Freedom: 7 Civil Liberties: 7

Status of Freedom: Not Free

1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 21.4%

(The U.N. recognizes the Coalition Government of Democratic Cambodia (CGDK) led by Prince Norodom Sihanouk, Son Sann and Khieu Samphan, as the legitimate government of Cambodia, not the Heng Samrin government)

FY1986 US Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: US\$ 4,901,000 (to the CGDK)

Military: none

#### MILITARY

1986 Military Budget: not available
Increase Over 1985: not available
Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: not available
Percent of Government Spending: not available

Total Regular Forces: 35,000

Reserves: na Army: 35,000 Airforce: na

Combat Aircraft: 19 Naval Vessels: na

Security Alliance with U.S.: none U.S. Military Installations: none

Soviet Military Installations: The Soviets are expanding and upgrading Kompong Som and Ream naval bases.

# INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: na

1985 Cambodian Direct Investment in the U.S.: na

# TOURISM

1986 Tourist Arrivals: na Visas to U.S.: 43
U.S. Residents in Cambodia: na Residents in U.S.: na

# CHINA, PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF

LAND: 3,691,521 square miles

Cultivated: 10.1% Forest: 12.5% Pasture: 33.3%

Resources: coal, iron, petroleum, mercury, tin, tungsten, antimony, manganese, uranium, hydroelectric potential

POPULATION: 1,045,537,000

Annual Population Growth: .8%

Projected Population in 2000: 1,190,000,000

Life Expectancy: 68
Literacy: over 75%

Ethnic Divisions: Han Chinese: 93.3%, other nationalities: 6.7%

Religions: officially athiest, important elements include

Confucianism, Taoism, Buddhism, Muslim, Christian

Workforce: 498,700,000

Commerce and Services: 12.2% Manufacturing: 16.7% Agriculture and Fishing: 62.5% Construction: 4.2%

Government and Public Authorities: 1.6%

Students: Primary: 133.7m Secondary: 51.7m Tertiary: 1.73m

# **ECONOMY:**

Economic System: socialist

Currency: Yuan, 1 US\$ = 3.7 Yuan

Major Industries: iron, steel, coal, machine building, armaments, textiles, light industrial products, petroleum

Major Agricultural Products: rice, wheat, other grains, oilseed, cotton

Major Imports: grain, chemical fertilizer, steel, industrial raw

materials, machinery, equipment

Major Exports: manufactured goods, agricultural products, oil, minerals Per Capita GNP (1985): US\$ 220.

Economic Statistics (Billions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GNP	228.0	239.1	259.0	282.5	316.4	354.3	na
GNP Growth	6.1%	4.9%	8.3%	9.1%	12.0%	12.3%	7.4%
CPI Rise	7.4%	2.5%	2.0%	2.0%	2.7%	7.7%	7.5%
Exports	18.139	21.476	21.865	22.096	24.824	27.329	30.9
to US	1.164	2.062	2.502	2.477	3.381	4.224	5.241
Imports	19.505	21.631	18.920	21.313	25.953	42.534	42.9
from US	3.755	3.603	2.912	2.173	3.004	3.856	3.106

China is the 16th largest U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA

Capital: Beijing, pop. 9,200,000 (1986)

Type of Government: Communist State

Type of Chief of State: President

Name of Chief of State: Li Xiannian

Name of Head of Government: Politburo member Deng Xiaoping

Foreign Minister: Wu Xueqian

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 6 Civil Liberties: 6

Status of Freedom: Not Free

1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 15.9%

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: none Military: none

# MILITARY

1986 Military Budget: US\$ 6.252 billion

Increase Over 1985: -1.6%

Expentiture as Percentage of GNP: 1.75%

Percent of Government Spending: not available

Total Regular Forces: 2,950,000

Reserves: 5,377,000 Army: 2,110,000 Navy: 350,000 Airforce: 490,000

Combat Aircraft: 5,300

Naval Vessels: 2 Ballistic Missile Submarines, 3 Cruise Missile Submarines, 112 Attack Submarines, 15 Destroyers, 31 Frigates, 14 Patrol Escorts, 81 Large Patrol Craft, 100 Coastal/River Patrol Craft, 232 Fast-Attack Craft (missile), 355 Fast-Attack Craft (qun), 190 Fast-Attack Craft (torpedo), 33 Minesweepers.

Security Alliance with U.S.: none U.S. Military Installations: none

# INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: US\$ 242,000,000

1985 PRC Direct Investment in the U.S.: US\$ 7,000,000

#### TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: 17,800,000 Visas to U.S.: 30,126

U.S. Residents in the PRC: 2,177 Residents in U.S.: 24,787

#### FIJI

LAND: 7,056 square miles

Cultivated: 15% Forest: 70% Pasture: 5%

Resources: timber, fish, gold, copper

POPULATION: 715,000

Annual Population Growth: 2.0%

Projected Population in 2000: 800,000

Life Expectancy: 72

Literacy: 80%

Ethnic Divisions: Indian: 48%, Fijian: 46%, other: 6%

Religions: Christian: 49%, Hindu: 40%, Muslim, others: 11%

Workforce: 225,000

Commerce and Services: 12.4% Manufacturing: 6.3% Agriculture and Fishing: 50%+ Construction: 2.6%

Government and Public Authorities: 11.1%

Students: Primary: 127,286 Secondary: 41,505 Tertiary: 3,900

# ECONOMY:

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: Fiji dollar (100 cents), 1 US\$ = 1.12 F\$

Major Industries: sugar refining, tourism, gold, lumber, small industries

Major Agricultural Products: sugar, copra, ginger, rice

Major Imports: manufactured goods, machinery, foodstuffs, fuel

Major Exports: sugar, copra

Per Capita GNP (1985): US\$ 1,431.

Economic Statistics (Billions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GNP	1.236	1.254	1.212	1.139	1.246	1.201	na
GDP Growth	-1.7%	6.0%	-1.1%	-4.4%	9.4%	-3.8*	6.4%*
CPI Rise	14.5%	11.2%	7.0%	6.7%	5.3%	4.4%	2.8
Exports	0.358	0.311	0.283	0.239	0.255	0.229	0.32
to US	0.037	0.031	0.027	0.019	0.025	0.011	na
Imports	0.559	0.631	0.509	0.484	0.449	0.439	0.45
from US	0.037	0.044	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.017	na
*GNP. not GI	OP .						

Fiji is a minor U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: FIJI

Capital: Suva, pop. 65,000 (1983)

Type of Government: Parliamentary Democracy within the Commonwealth

Type of Chief of State: British Monarch Name of Chief of State: Queen Elizabeth II

Name of Head of Government: Prime Minister Timoci Bavadra

Foreign Minister: Krishna Datt

(Note: on May, 14 1987, Bavadra's elected government was overthrown

by a military coup led by Lt. Col. Sitiveni Rabuka.)

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 lowest)

Political Freedom: 2 Civil Liberties: 2

Status of Freedom: Free

1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 26.0%

FY1986 US Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: US\$ 3,217,000 Military: US\$ 368,000

#### MILITARY

1986 Military Budget: US\$ 14,360,000

Increase Over 1985: 4.0%

Expentiture as Percentage of GNP: 1.14% Percent of Government Spending: 3.5%

Total Regular Forces: 2,670

Reserves: 5,000 Army: 2,500

Navy: 170 Airforce: 0

Combat Aircraft: none

Naval Vessels: 3 Minesweepers

Security Alliance with U.S.: none U.S. Military Installations: none

#### INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: not available

1985 Fijian Direct Investment in the U.S.: not available

# TOURISM

1986 Tourist Arrivals: 266,218 Visas to U.S.: 3,231 U.S. Residents in Fiji: 850 Residents in U.S.: na

#### HONG KONG

LAND: 404 square miles

Cultivated: 9.1% Forest: 11.9% Pasture: 45.6%

Resources: none

<u>POPULATION:</u> 5,533,000

Annual Population Growth: .9%

Projected Population in 2000: 6,700,000

Life Expectancy: 76

Literacy: 75%

Ethnic Divisions: Chinese: 98%, other: 2%

Religions: local religions: 90%, Christian: 10%

Workforce: 2,714,00

Commerce and Services: 36.2% Manufacturing: 34.% Agriculture and Fishing: 1.6% Construction: 7.4%

Government and Public Authorities: 17.4%

Students: Primary: 538,928 Secondary: 533,322 Tertiary: 57,947

#### ECONOMY:

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: Hong Kong dollar (100 cents), 1 US\$ = 7.77 HK\$

Major Industries: textiles and clothing, tourism, electronics,

plastics, toys, watches

Major Agricultural Products: small amounts of rice and vegetables

Major Imports: raw materials and semi-manufactured goods,

consumer goods, capital goods, foodstuffs, fuel

Major Exports: many re-exports; clothing and textiles,

electronics, footwear, light metal manufactures

Per Capita GNP (1986): US\$ 6,790.

Economic Statistics (Billions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GNP	22.3	24.6	30.4	28.2	31.85	34.1	37.25
GNP Growth	na	9.4%	2.4%	5.2%	6.8	0.6%	8.7%
CPI Rise	15.1%	13.8%	10.6%	9.9%	8.5%	3.4%	3.6%
Exports	19.724	21.796	20.996	21.953	28.318	30.185	35.452
to US	5.029	5.757	5.895	6.824	8.899	8.994	9.474
Imports	22.403	24.694	23.544	24.011	28.563	29.705	35.379
from US	2.686	2.635	2.452	2.563	3.062	2.786	3.030

Hong Kong is the 10th largest U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: BRITISH CROWN COLONY OF HONG KONG

Capital: Victoria

Type of Government: British Dependent Territory, scheduled to

revert to Chinese control in 1997. Type of Chief of State: British Monarch

Name of Chief of State: Queen Elizabeth II Name of Head of Government: Sir David Wilson

Foreign Minister: under auspices of Britain

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: Civil Liberties:

Status of Freedom: Partly Free

1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: not a member

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: none Military: none

#### MILITARY

The majority of military requirements are provided by Great Britain

1987 Military Budget: US\$ 208,000,000

Increase Over 1986: 9.9%

Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: 0.6% Percent of Government Spending: 3.8%

Total Regular Forces: 8,945 (combined British, Gurkha and Chinese)

Army: 8,017 Reserves: na Airforce: 278 Navy: 650

Combat Aircraft: none

Naval Vessels: 5 Patrol Craft, plus 12 Patrol Boats in local service.

Security Alliance with U.S.: none U.S. Military Installations: none

# INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: US\$ 3,124,000,000

1985 Hong Kong Direct Investment in the U.S.: US\$ 618,000,000

# TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: 3,400,000 Visas to U.S.: na U.S. Residents in Hong Kong: 14,025 Residents in U.S.: 5,171

#### INDIA

LAND: 1,269,420 square miles

Cultivated: 52.3 Forest: 11.1% Pasture: 4.5% Resources: coal, iron ore, manganese, bauxite, chromite

POPULATION: 783,940,000

Annual Population Growth: 2.1%

Projected Population in 2000: 1,017,000,000

Life Expectancy: 53

Literacy: 36%

Ethnic Divisions: Indo-Aryan: 72%, Dravidan: 25%, Mongoloid and

other: 3%

Religions: Hindu: 83.5%, Muslim: 11.0%, Christian: 2.6%,

Sikh: 2%, Buddhist: 0.7%, other: 0.2%

Workforce: 283,400,000

Commerce and Services: 12.3% Manufacturing: 11.1% Agriculture and Fishing: 64.4% Construction: 1.8%

Government and Public Authorities: 8.9%

Students: Primary: 121.5m Secondary: 29.3m Tertiary: 6.2m

# **ECONOMY:**

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: Rupee (100 paise), 1 US\$ = 13 Rs.

Major Industries: textiles, food processing, steel, machinery,

transportation equipment, cement, jute manufactures

Major Agricultural Products: rice, cereals, pulses, oilseed,

cotton, jute, sugarcane, tobacco, tea, coffee

Major Imports: machinery and transportation equipment, petroleum,

edible oils, fertilizer

Major Exports: engineering goods, textiles, clothing, tea

Per Capita GNP (1986): US\$ 203.

Economic Statistics (Billions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GNP	95.0	99.02	114.55	126.20	136.93	165.80	167.5
GDP Growth	6.6%	5.8%	3.6%	7.6%	3.6%	4.8	4.2%
CPI Rise	11.4%	13.0%	7.9%	11.9%	8.3%	5.1%	8.9%
Exports	8.441	6.827	9.655	9.907	10.616	9.822	na
to US	1.210	1.325	1.522	2.334	2.737	2.478	2.465
Imports	14.822	14.400	17.450	16.400	17.697	17.640	na
from US	1.689	1.748	1.599	1.828	1.570	1.642	1.536

India is the 25th largest U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: REPUBLIC OF INDIA

Capital: New Dehli, pop. 5,200,000 (Dehli metro. area, 1980)

Type of Government: Federal Republic

Type of Chief of State: President

Name of Chief of State: Zail Singh

Name of Head of Government: Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi

Foreign Minister: Narain Dutt Tiwari

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 2 Civil Liberties: 3

Status of Freedom: Free

1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 8.9%

FY1986 US Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: US\$ 189,789,000

Military: US\$ 309,000

#### **MILITARY**

1986 Military Budget: US\$ 6.95 billion

Increase Over 1985: 9.8%

Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: 3.5% Percent of Government Spending: 20.2%

Total Regular Forces: 1,260,000

Reserves: 200,00 Army: 1,100,000 Navy: 47,000 Airforce: 113,000

Comabt Aircraft: 753

Naval Vessels: 8 Attack Submarines, 1 Aircraft Carrier, 3 Destroyers, 23 Frigates, 4 Corvettes, 14 Fast-Attack Craft

(missile), 9 Patrol Craft, 18 Minehunters.

Security Alliance with U.S.: none U.S. Military Installations: none

#### INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: US\$ 466,000,000

1985 Indian Direct Investment in the U.S.: US\$ 18,000,000

#### TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: 836,908 Visas to U.S.: 75,677

U.S. Residents in India: 3,960 Residents in U.S.: 26,026

#### INDONESIA

LAND: 741,101 square miles

Cultivated: 11% Forest: 64% Pasture: 6.3%

Resources: oil, tin, natural gas, nickel, timber, bauxite, copper

POPULATION: 176,764,000

Annual Population Growth: 2.1%

Projected Population in 2000: 219,900,000

Life Expectancy: 55

Literacy: 62%

Ethnic Divisions: Javanese: 45.0%, Sundanese: 14%, Madurese: 7.5%

Malay: 7.5%, other: 26.0%

Religions: Muslim: 88%, Protestant: 6%, Catholic: 3%, Hindu: 2%,

other: 1%

Workforce: 65,700,000

Commerce and Services: 18.2% Manufacturing: 10.4% Agriculture and Fishing: 54.7% Construction: 3.7%

Government and Public Authorities: 12.3%

Students: Primary: 29.27m Secondary: 8.04m Tertiary: 1.02m

# **ECONOMY:**

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: Rupee (100 paise), 1 US\$ = 14.5 Rs

Major Industries: petroleum, textiles, mining, cement, chemical

fertilizer, timber

Major Agricultural Products: rice, cassava, rubber, copra

Major Imports: rice, wheat flour, cereals, textiles, chemicals,

iron and steel products, machinery, transport equipment

Major Exports: petroleum, liquified natural gas, timber, rubber,

coffee, tin, palm oil, tea, copper

Per Capita GNP (1985): US\$ 540.

Economic Statistics (Billions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GDP	72.482	85.518	90.159	81.052	83.741	87.616	na
GDP Growth	9.9%	7.9%	2.2%	4.2%	6.5%	1.6%	1.9%
CPI Rise	18.5%	12.2%	9.5%	11.8%	10.5%	4.7%	6.04%
Exports	21.909	23.810	22.329	21.146	21.881	18.330	17.5
to US	5.539	6.413	4.509	5.657	5.867	4.933	3.675
Imports	10.837	13.270	16.859	16.351	13.880	9.321	13.5
from US	1.545	1.302	2.025	1.466	1.216	0.795	0.946

Indonesia is the 23rd largest U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA

Capital: Jakarta, pop. 5,500,000 (1981)

Type of Government: Republic

Type of Chief of State: President

Name of Chief of State: Suharto

Name of Head of Government: same

Foreign Minister: Mochtar Kusamaatmadja

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 lowest)

Political Freedom: 5 Civil Liberties: 6

Status of Freedom: Partly Free

1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 14.3%

FY1986 US Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: US\$ 98,435,000 Military: US\$ 21,054,000

# MILITARY

1986 Military Budget: US\$ 2.048 billion

Increase over 1985: -13.3%

Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: 2.44% Percent of Government Spending: 11.7%

Total Regular Forces: 281,000

Reserves: 800,000 Army: 216,000

Navy: 38,000 Airforce: 27,000

Combat Aircraft: 64

Naval Vessels: 2 Attack Submarines, 13 Frigates, 4 Fast-Attack Craft (missile), 2 Fast-Attack Craft (torpedo), 2 Fast-Attack Craft (patrol), 31 Patrol Vessels, 2 Minesweepers.

Security Alliance with U.S.: none

U.S. Military Installations: none

# INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: US\$ 4,087,000,000

1985 Indonesian Direct Investment in the U.S.: US\$ 15,000,000

#### TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: 749,351 Visas to U.S.: 21,573

U.S. Residents in Indonesia: 10,172 Residents in U.S.: 1,269

#### **JAPAN**

LAND: 147,470 square miles

Cultivated: 12.6% Forest: 66.9% Pasture: 1.6%

Resources: negligible mineral resources, fish

POPULATION: 121,402,000

Annual Population Growth: .6%

Projected Population in 2000: 128,100,00

Life Expectancy: 77

Literacy: 99%

Ethnic Divisions: Japanese: 99.4%, other (mostly Korean): .6% Religions: Shinto and Buddhist: 84%, Christian: .8%, other: 15.2%

Workforce: 58,100,000

Commerce and Services: 53.1% Manufacturing: 25% Agriculture and Fishing: 8.5% Construction: 9.1%

Government and Public Authorities: na

Students: Primary: 10.7m Secondary: 6.1m Tertiary: 5.3m

# **ECONOMY:**

Economic System: free enterprise Currency: Yen, 1 US\$ = 158 Yen

Major Industries: machinery, autos, metallurgy, engineering, electrical and electronics industries, textiles, chemicals

Major Agricultural Products: rice, sugar, vegetables, fruits, fish Major Imports: fuel, manufactures, foodstuffs, machinery, wood, coal

Major Exports: machinery and equipment, motor vehicles, metals,

chemicals, textiles

Per Capita GDP (1986): US\$ 12,200

Economic Statistics (Billions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GDP	1058.9	1164.4	1082.7	1181.2	1257.1	1331.5	1983.7*
GDP Growth	4.3%	3.7%	3.1%	3.2%	5.1%	4.5%	2.5%
CPI Rise	8.0%	4.9%	2.6%	1.8%	2.3%	2.0%	0.6%
Exports	130.435	151.500	138.443	146.982	169.748	177.189	209.2
to US	32.972	39.904	39.931	43.559	60.371	72.380	85.456
Imports	141.284	142.868	131.566	126.520	136.142	130.516	126.4
from US	20.790	21.823	20.966	21.894	23.575	22.630	26.881
*GNP, not GDP							

Japan is the 2nd largest U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: JAPAN

Capital: Tokyo, pop. 8,300,000 (1982)

Type of Government: Constitutional Monarchy

Type of Chief of State: Emperor

Name of Chief of State: Hirohito

Name of Head of Government: Prime Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone

Foreign Minister: Tadashi Kuranari

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 1 Civil Liberties: 1

Status of Freedom: Free

1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 66.3%

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: none Military: none

#### MILITARY

1986/7 Military Budget: US\$ 22.5 billion (at current exchange rates)

Increase over 1985/6: 5.2%

Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: 1.004%

Percent of Government Spending: 6.2%

Total Regular Forces: 243,000

Reserves: 43,600 Army: 155,000

Navy: 44,000 Airforce: 44,000

Combat Aircraft: 433

Naval Vessels: 15 Attack Submarines, 34 Destroyers, 34 Frigates, 5 Fast-Attack Craft (torpedo), 11 Patrol Craft, 49 Mine

Counter-measure Vessels.

Security Alliance with U.S.: Mutual cooperation and security treaties 1951, 1960.

U.S. Military Installations: Yokosuka, Yokohama, Atsugi, Sasebo, Futenma, Iwakuni, Okinowa, Misawa.

#### INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: US\$ 9,095,000,000

1985 Japanese Direct Investment in the U.S.: US\$ 19,116,000,000

# TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: 2,300,000 Visas to U.S.: 1,115,578 U.S. Residents in Japan: 26,091 Residents in U.S.: 4,086

#### KIRIBATI

LAND: 266 square miles

Cultivated: na Forest: na Pasture: na

Resources: copra, fish

POPULATION: 63,000

Annual Population Growth: 1.3% Projected Population in 2000: na

Life Expectancy: na

Literacy: 90%

Ethnic Divisions: Micronesian: 100%

Religions: Catholic: 50%, Protestant: 50%

Workforce: na

Commerce and Services: na Manufacturing: na Agriculture and Fishing: na Construction: na

Government and Public Authorities: na

Students: Primary: na Secondary: na Tertiary: na

**ECONOMY:** 

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: Australian dollar, (100 cents), 1 US\$ = 1.5 AS\$

Major Industries: fishing

Major Agricultural Products: copra, subsistence vegetables, fishing

Major Imports: foodstuffs, fuel, transportation equipment

Major Exports: copra, fishing licenses

Per Capita GNP (1984): US\$ 417.

Economic Statistics (Millions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GDP	na	na	na	na	25.	na	na
GDP Growth	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
CPI Rise	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Exports	4.0	2.0	2.0	4.	11.	4.	na
to US	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	na
Imports	23.3	11.03	23.	20.	21.	18	na
from US	0.	0.	0.	0.	0 .	0.	na

Kiribati is not a U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: REPUBLIC OF KIRIBATI

Capital: Tarawa, pop. 22,150 (1980)

Type of Government: Republic

Type of Chief of State: President

Name of Chief of State: Ieremia T. Tabai

Name of Head of Government: same

Foreign Minister: same

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 1 Civil Liberties: 2

Status of Freedom: Free

1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: not a member

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: US\$ 200,000

Military: none

# **MILITARY**

Kiribati has no military forces

Security Alliance with U.S.: none U.S. Military Installations: none

# INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: na

1985 Kiribati Direct Investment in the U.S.: na

# TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: na Visas to U.S.: na

U.S. Residents in Kiribati: none Residents in U.S.: na

# KOREA, NORTH

LAND: 47,077 square miles

Cultivated: 18% Forest: 74% Pasture: 4%

Resources: coal, lead, tungsten, zinc, graphite, magnesite, iron

POPULATION: 20,543,000

Annual Population Growth: 2.3%

Projected Population in 2000: 27,300,000

Life Expectancy: 65 Literacy: 95% (est.)

Ethnic Divisions: Korean: 100%

Religions: religious activity almost nonexistant

Workforce: 10,300,000

Commerce and Services: na Manufacturing: 50% Agriculture and Fishing: 35% Construction: na

Government and Public Authorities: 15%

Students: Primary: 2.5m Secondary: 2.5m Tertiary: 100,000

# **ECONOMY:**

Economic System: socialist

Currency: Won (100 jon), 1 US\$ = 2.18 Won (7/86)

Major Industries: machine building, electrical power, chemicals,

mining, metallurgy, textiles, food processing

Major Agricultural Products: corn, rice, vegetables

Major Imports: petroleum, machinery and equipment, coking coal, grain

Major Exports: minerals, metallurgical products, agricultural

products, manufactures.

Per Capita GNP (1985): US\$ 956.

Economic Statistics (Billions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GDP	na	na	17.64	18.16	18.9	19.7	20.3
GDP Growth	na	9.8%	3.7%	0.9%	2.7%	4.8	3.8%
CPI Rise	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Exports	na	na	na	na	1.59	na	na
to US#	Ο.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
Imports	na	na	na	na	1.36	na	na
from US#	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.

#Trade between the U.S. and North Korea is illegal without U.S. government permission

North Korea is not a U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA

Capital: Pyongyang, pop. 1,283,000 (1981)

Type of Government: Communist State, one-man rule

Type of Chief of State: President Name of Chief of State: Kim Il-Sung Name of Head of Government: same Foreign Minister: Kim Yong Nam

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 lowest)

Political Freedom: 7 Civil Liberties: 7

Status of Freedom: Not Free

1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: Not a member of the U.N.

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: none Military: none

# **MILITARY**

1986 Military Budget: US\$ 4.277 billion

Increase over 1985: 1.9%

Expentiture as Percentage of GNP: 23.8% Percent of Government Spending: 31%

Total Regular Forces: 840,000

Reserves: 540,000+ Army: 750,000 Navy: 35,000 Airforce: 55,000

Combat Aircraft: 854

Naval Vessels: 25 Attack Submarines, 2 Frigates, 32 Fast-Attack Craft (missile), 136 Fast-Attack Craft (torpedo), 167 Fast-Attack Craft (gun), 65 Patrol Craft.

Security Alliance with U.S.: none U.S. Military Installations: none

# INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: none

1985 North Korean Direct Investment in the U.S.: none

#### TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: none Visas to U.S.: none

U.S. Residents in North Korea: none Residents in U.S.: none

# KOREA, SOUTH

LAND: 38,211 square miles

Cultivated: 22% Forest: 66% Pasture: 12%

Resources: coal, tungsten, graphite, iron ore, limestone, graphite

POPULATION: 43,285,000

Annual Population Growth: 1.5%

Projected Population in 2000: 52,000,000

Life Expectancy: 66

Literacy: 93%

Ethnic Divisions: Korean: 100%

Religions: Confucianism, Buddhism: 68%, Christian: 28%, other: 4%

Workforce: 15,500,00

Commerce and Services: 42% Manufacturing: 22.5% Agriculture and Fishing: 23.9% Construction: na

Government and Public Authorities: 5.4%

Students: Primary: 5.2m Secondary: 4.9m Tertiary: 1.3m

# **ECONOMY:**

Economic System: free enterprise Currency: Won, 1 US\$ = 860 won

Major Industries: textiles and clothing, food processing,

chemicals, steel, electronics, ship building

Major Agricultural Products: rice, barley, vegetables, legumes

Major Imports: machinery, oil, steel, transportation equipment,

textiles, organic chemicals, grains

Major Exports: textiles and clothing, electrical machinery,

footwear, steel, ships, fish

Per Capita GNP (1985): US\$ 2,020.

Economic Statistics (Billions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GNP	61.8	65.9	69.6	76.0	82.0	86.2	95.
GDP Growth	-3.0%	6.9%	5.5%	9.5%	7.9%	5.4%	11.4%
CPI Rise	28.7%	21.3%	7.3%	3.4%	2.3%	2.5%	1.7%
Exports	17.505	21.271	21.827	24.471	29.259	28.908	33.2
to US	4.433	5.474	6.011	7.657	10.027	10.712	13.497
Imports	22.289	26.155	24.250	26.196	30.628	30.128	29.4
from US	4.685	5.116	5.529	5.925	5.982	5.956	6.354

South Korea is the 7th largest U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: REPUBLIC OF KOREA

Capital: Seoul, pop. 9,304,300 (1980)

Type of Government: Republic, with strong executive

Type of Chief of State: President

Name of Chief of State: Chun Doo Hwan

Name of Head of Government: Prime Minister Lho Shin Young

Foreign Minister: Choi Kwang Soo

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 4 Civil Liberties: 5

Status of Freedom: Partly Free

1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: Not a voting member

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: none

Military: US\$ 164,511,000

# MILITARY

1986 Military Expenditure: US\$ 4.854 billion

Increase over 1985: 10.3%

Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: 5.3% Percent of Government Spending: 30.6

Total Regular Forces: 601,000

Reserves: 4,822,000 Army: 520,000 Navy: 25,000 Airforce: 33,000

Combat Aircraft: 480

Naval Vessels: 9 Destroyers, 6 Frigates, 5 Corvettes, 11

Fast-Attack Craft (missile), 136 Patrol Craft, 1 Minesweeper.

Security Alliance with U.S.: Mutual Cooperation and Security, 1954 U.S. Military Installations: Kunsan, Songtan, Uijong-Bu, Tongduchon-ni

# INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: US\$ 757,000,000

1985 South Korean Direct Investment in the U.S.: US\$ -78,000,000

#### TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: 1,400,000

U.S. Residents in South Korea: 9,529 Residents in U.S.: 35,235

Visas to U.S.: 45,985
Residents in U.S.: 35,235

#### LAOS

LAND: 91,428 square miles

Cultivated: 3% Forest: 40% Pasture: na

Resources: tin, timber, gypsum, hydroelectric power

<u>POPULATION:</u> 3,679,000

Annual Population Growth: 2%

Projected Population in 2000: 4,900,000

Life Expectancy: 44

Literacy: 85%

Ethnic Divisions: Lao: 48%, Kha: 25%, Tribal Thai: 13%, Meo, Yao

and other: 13%

Religions: Buddhist: 50%, Animist and other: 50%

Workforce: 1,850,000

Commerce and Services: 15% Manufacturing: 5% Agriculture and Fishing: 70% Construction: na

Government and Public Authorities: na

Students: Primary: 525,000 Secondary: 89,865 Tertiary: 1,344

#### **ECONOMY:**

Economic System: socialist Currency: Kip, 1 US\$ = 35 Kip

Major Industries: tin mining, timber, coffee, electric power

Major Agricultural Products: rice, corn, vegetables, tobacco, cotton

Major Imports: rice and other foodstuffs, petroleum products,

machinery, transportation equipment

Major Exports: electric power, forest products, tin, coffee,

Per Capita GNP (1985): US\$ 159.

Economic Statistics (Millions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GDP	na	na	475.7	534.2	530.*	600.	na
GDP Growth	na	na	na	na	na	8.2%	na
CPI Rise	na	na	na	na	22-65%	22-65%	na
Exports	23.327	16.914	25.697	25.615	12.642	18.899	na
to US	0.910	1.001	1.456	2.546	2.001	0.455	0.3
Imports	123.401	84.796	87.467	93.197	49.525	63.566	na
from US	0.220	0.330	0.440	0.110	0.110	0.220	0.1
* estimates							

Laos is a very minor U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: LAO PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC

Capital: Vientiane, pop. 200,000 (1978)

Type of Government: Communist State

Type of Chief of State: President

Name of Chief of State: Phoumi Vongvichit (acting)

Name of Head of Government: Prime Minister Kaysone Phomvihan

Foreign Minister: Phoun Sipaseuth

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 7 Civil Liberties: 7

Status of Freedom: Not Free

1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 5.9%

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: none Military: none

# MILITARY

1986 Military Expenditure: na

Increase over 1985: na

Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: na Percent of Government Spending: na

Total Regular Forces: 53,000

Reserves: na Army: 50,000 Navy: 1,000 Airforce: 2,000

Combat Aircraft: 24

Naval Vessels: 20 river Patrol Craft

Security Alliance with U.S.: none U.S. Military Installations: none

# INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: na

1985 Laotian Direct Investment in the U.S.: US\$ -3,000,000

#### TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: na Visas to U.S.: 212 U.S. Residents in Laos: 7 Residents in U.S.: na

#### MACAU

LAND: 6.17 square miles

Cultivated: 2% Forest: 4% Pasture: 0%

Resources: none

POPULATION: 404,000

Annual Population Growth: 2.8%

Projected Population in 2000: 500,000

Life Expectancy: 68 Literacy: over 90%

Ethnic Divisions: Chinese: 98%, Portugese: 2%

Religions: mainly Buddhist, Catholic: 4%

Workforce: 190,000

Commerce and Services: 34.% Manufacturing: 45.% Agriculture and Fishing: 6.% Construction: 8.%

Government and Public Authorities: 7.%

Students: Primary: 31,468 Secondary: 12,641 Tertiary: 4,172

## **ECONOMY:**

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: Pataca, 1 US\$ = 8.05 Pataca

Major Industries: gambling, textiles, toys, plastic products, furniture

Major Agricultural Products: rice, vegetables

Major Imports: foodstuffs

Major Exports: textiles and clothing Per Capita GNP (1985): US\$ 2,514.

Economic Statistics (Millions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1000						
	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GNP	640.	na	na	788.1	979.8	1,030.	1137.7
GNP Growth	na	na	na	na	na	2.5%	6.5%
CPI Rise	na	na	na	na	11.1%	2.07%	1.7%
Exports	540.28	700.42	720.84	755.04	910.59	988.27	na
to US	122.6	166.8	217.7	246.4	339.0	370.1	444.5
Imports	543.87	716.10	713.29	724.16	793.32	791.29	na
from US	2.4	1.0	13.6	0.6	1.7	1.2	2.7

Macau is a minor U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: MACAU

Capital: Lisbon (Portugal), pop. 812,400 (1981)

Type of Government: Chinese Territory under Portugese Administration

Type of Chief of State: Governor

Name of Chief of State: Joaquim Pinto Machado

Name of Head of Government: same

Foreign Minister: Portugal is responsible for foreign affairs

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 3 Civil Liberties: 4

Status of Freedom: Partly Free

1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: Not a member

1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: none Military: none

## MILITARY

## Defense is the responsibility of Portugal

1985 Military Expenditure: US\$ 24,900,000

Increase over 1984: 144%

Expentiture as Percentage of GNP: 2.42% Percent of Government Spending: 8.3%

Total Regular Forces: na

Reserves: na Army: na Navy: na Airforce: na

Aircraft: not available

Naval Vessels: not available

Security Alliance with U.S.: none U.S. Military Installations: none

#### INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: not available

1985 Macau Direct Investment in the U.S.: not available

## TOURISM

1986 Tourist Arrivals: 4.6 million Visas to U.S.: na

U.S. Residents in Macau: na Residents in U.S.: na

## MALAYSIA

LAND: 127,316 square miles

Cultivated: 14.3% Forest: 70% Pasture: 1%

Resources: tin, petroleum, timber, copper, iron, palm oil, rubber

POPULATION: 15,820,000

Annual Population Growth: 2.3%

Projected Population in 2000: 20,700,000

Life Expectancy: 67

Literacy: 72%

Ethnic Divisions: Malay: 50%, Chinese: 36%, Indian: 10%, other: 4%

Religions: Muslim, Buddhist, Hindu, other

Workforce: 5,917,100

Commerce and Services: 23.1% Manufacturing: 14.6% Agriculture and Fishing: 34.3% Construction: 6.6%

Government and Public Authorities: 14.9%

Students: Primary: 2.19m Secondary: 1.29m Tertiary: 43,258

## **ECONOMY:**

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: Ringgit (Malaysian dollar), 1 US\$ = 2.59 M\$ Major Industries: rubber and palm oil processing and

manufacturing, tin mining, logging, petroleum production Major Agricultural Products: natural rubber, palm oil, rice,

coconut, pepper

Major Imports: machinery and transport equipment, manufactured goods, crude petroleum, food

Major Exports: natural rubber, palm oil, tin, timber, petroleum, light manufactures

Per Capita GNP (1985): US\$ 1,574.

Economic Statistics (Billions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GDP	24.59	25.09	26.84	30.11	33.97	31.41	25.4*
GDP Growth	7.8%	7.1%	5.6%	5.9%	7.3%	-1.5%	1.%
CPI Rise	6.7%	9.7%	5.8%	3.7%	3.9%	.3%	1.5%
Exports	12.960	11.773	12.044	14.128	16.563	15.408	14.
to US	2.688	2.272	1.959	2.205	2.825	2.399	2.534
Imports	10.821	11.581	12.409	13.241	14.057	12.301	10.3
from US	1.337	1.537	1.736	1.684	1.856	1.539	1.730
*GNP, not GDF	P						

Malaysia is the 24th largest U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: MALAYSIA

Capital: Kuala Lumpur, pop. 1,081,000 (1980)

Type of Government: Federal Constitutional Monarchy

Type of Chief of State: King, elected by hereditary Sultans

Name of Chief of State: Tuanka Mahmood Iskandar Al-Haj ibini

al-Marhum Sultan Ismail

Name of Head of Government: Prime Minister Dr. Mahathir Mohamad

Foreign Minister: Datuk Rais Yatim

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 3 Civil Liberties: 5

Status of Freedom: Partly Free

1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 16.3%

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: none

Military: US\$ 2,384,000

#### **MILITARY**

1986 Military Expenditure: US\$ 1.788 billion

Increase over 1985: 1.3%

Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: 4.56% Percent of Government Spending: 16.3%

Total Regular Forces: 110,000

Reserves: 93,200 Army: 90,000

Navy: 9,000 Airforce: 11,000

Combat Aircraft: 61

Naval Vessels: 4 Frigates, 12 Fast-Attack Craft (missile), 6

Fast-Attack Craft (gun), 21 Large Patrol Craft, 4 Minehunters.

Security Alliance with U.S.: none U.S. Military Installations: none

## INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: US\$ 1,217,000,000

1985 Malaysian Direct Investment in the U.S.: US\$ 23,000,000

#### TOURISM

1986 Tourist Arrivals: 3,230,000 Visas to U.S.: 21,112 U.S. Residents in Malaysia: 2,526 Residents in U.S.: 939

#### **MALDIVES**

LAND: 115 square miles

Cultivated: 5.7% Forest: 3.3% Pasture: 0%

Resources: fish, coconuts, shells

POPULATION: 178,000

Annual Population Growth: 3%

Projected Population in 2000: 300,000

Life Expectancy: 52

Literacy: 85%

Ethnic Divisions: Sinhalese, Dravidan, Arab

Religions: Sunni Muslim

Workforce: 90,000

Commerce and Services: na Manufacturing: na Agriculture and Fishing: na Construction: na

Government and Public Authorities: 4.8%

Students: Primary, Secondary: 45,726 Tertiary: 0

## ECONOMY:

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: Rufiyaa, 1 US\$ = 7 Rf. (1985) Major Industries: fish processing, tourism

Major Agricultural Products: coconuts, fruit, millet

Major Imports: food, manufactured goods, petroleum products, capital goods

Major Exports: fish, shells, apparel and clothing products

Per Capita GNP (1985): US\$ 531.

Economic Statistics (Millions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GDP	42.46	49.8	60.21	66.1	76.17	95.8	na
GDP Growth	na	8.2%	9.1%	5.8%	4.8	14.4%	na
CPI Rise	23.8%	23.7%	22.0%	na	na	na	na
Exports	7.90	10.40	13.00	13.10	13.70	23.80	na
to US	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	na
Imports	20.10	38.00	66.40	66.30	71.80	70.50	na
from US	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	na

The Maldives are not a U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: REPUBLIC OF MALDIVES

Capital: Male, pop. 37,700 (1984)

Type of Government: Republic

Type of Chief of State: President

Name of Chief of State: Maumoon Abdul Gayoom

Name of Head of Government: same Foreign Minister: Fathulla Jameel

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 5 Civil Liberties: 5

Status of Freedom: Partly Free 1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 12.5%

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: US\$ 700,000 Military: US\$ 31,000

#### MILITARY

1985 Military Expenditure: US\$ 2,700,00

Increase over 1984: not available

Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: 2.9%

Percent of Government Spending: 9.%

Total Regular Forces: na

Reserves: na

Army: na

Navy: na

Airforce: na

Aircraft: not available

Naval Vessels: not available

Security Alliance with U.S.: none U.S. Military Installations: none

#### INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: not available

1985 Maldive Direct Investment in the U.S.: not available

## TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: 114,554

Visas to U.S.: 10

U.S. Residents in Maldives: na

Residents in U.S.: na

#### MONGOLIA

LAND: 604,247 square miles

Cultivated: 0.7% Forest: 10.2% Pasture: 78.8% Resources: coal, tungsten, copper, molybdenum, gold, tin

POPULATION: 1,950,000

Annual Population Growth: 2.7%

Projected Population in 2000: 2,800,000

Life Expectancy: 62

Literacy: na

Ethnic Divisions: Khalkaia Mongols: 75%, other Mongols: 8%,

Kazakhs: 5%

Religions: officially atheist, Lama Buddhism, local religions persist

Workforce: 377,000

Commerce and Services: 24.6% Manufacturing: 23.8 Agriculture and Fishing: 10.8% Construction: 7.4%

Government and Public Authorities: 34.2%

Students: Primary: na Secondary: na Tertiary: na

ECONOMY:

Economic System: socialist

Currency: Tugrik (100 mongo), 1US\$ = 3.55 Tugrik

Major Industries: cement, knitwear, footwear, meat, coal,

textiles, chemicals

Major Agricultural Products: grain

Major Imports: petroleum products, trucks, fertilizer, paper, cloth

Major Exports: timber, wool, meat Per Capita GNP: US\$ 750. (1976)

Economic Statistics (Millions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GDP	1200.(1976)	na	na	na	1900.	2123.	na
GDP Growth	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
CPI Rise	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Exports*	365.	na	523.	568.	624.	na	na
to US	na	na	na	1.	2.	4.	1.
Imports*	496.	na	736.	864.	898.	na	na
from US	na	na	na	0.	0.	.05	. 1
*merchandise	trade						

Mongolia is a very minor U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: MONGOLIAN PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC

Capital: Ulan Bator, pop. 435,400 (1983)

Type of Government: Communist State

Type of Chief of State: General Secretary

Name of Chief of State: Jambyn Batmonh

Name of Head of Government: Premier Dumaagiyn Sodnom

Foreign Minister: Mangalyn Dugersuren

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 7 Civil Liberties: 7

Status of Freedom: Not Free

1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 9.9%

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance Actual Obligations)

Economic: none Military: none

### **MILITARY**

1985 Military Budget: US\$ 233,348,000

Increase over 1984: 11.7%

Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: not available

Percent of Government Spending: 13.5

Total Regular Forces: 25,500

Reserves: 200,000 Army: 22,000 Navy: 0 Airforce: 3,500

Combat Aircraft: 17
Naval Vessels: 0

Security Alliance with U.S.: none U.S. Military Installations: none

## INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: not available

1985 Mongolian Direct Investment in the U.S.: not available

## TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: 10,000 Visas to U.S.: na

U.S. Residents in Mongolia: na Residents in U.S.: na

#### NEPAL

LAND: 56,136 square miles

Cultivated: 18% Forest: 29% Pasture: 13.4%

Resources: quartz, water, timber, hydroelectric potential

POPULATION: 17,422,000

Annual Population Growth: 2.5%

Projected Population in 2000: 24,600,000

Life Expectancy: 46

Literacy: 20%

Ethnic Divisions: Newars, Indians, Tibetans, Gurung, Magars, others

Religions: officially Hindu, with Buddhist, Muslim and Christian groups

Workforce: 7,740,00

Commerce and Services: 1.7% Manufacturing: 0.5% Agriculture and Fishing: 71.2% Construction: 0.03%

Government and Public Authorities: 0.1%

Students: Primary: 1.82m Secondary: 501,063 Tertiary: 55,555

## **ECONOMY:**

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: Rupee (100 paisa), 1 US\$ = 23.56 Rs

Major Industries: oilseed mills, match, cigarette and brick factories

Major Agricultural Products: rice, jute, corn, wheat, oilseeds Major Imports: manufactured consumer goods, fuel, construction

materials, fertilizers, food products

Major Exports: rice and other food products, jute, timber,

manufactured goods

Per Capita GNP (1986): US\$ 160.

Economic Statistics (Billions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1006
					1904	1900	<u> 1986</u>
GDP	1.945	2.068	2.166	2.221	2.121	2.3*	2.5*
GDP Growth	-2.3%	8.3%	3.8%	-3.0%	7.8%	2.8%	4.2%
CPI Rise	14.7%	11.1%	11.7%	12.4%	2.8%	17.4%	15.%
Exports	0.063	0.094	0.069	0.083	0.091	0.135	0.140
to US	0.012	0.007	0.006	0.006	0.008	0.052	0.037
Imports	0.218	0.213	0.247	0.257	0.252	0.285	0.44
from US	0.006	0.002	0.002	0.008	0.004	0.007	0.008
*estimated							

Nepal is a minor U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: KINGDOM OF NEPAL

Capital: Kathmandu, pop. 125,000 (1982)

Type of Government: Constitutional Monarchy

Type of Chief of State: King

Name of Chief of State: Birendra Bir Bikram Shah Dev

Name of Head of Government: Marich Man Sing Shrestha

Foreign Minister: Shailendra Kumar Upadhayaya

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 3 Civil Liberties: 4

Status of Freedom: Partly Free 1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 18.0%

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: US\$ 20,616,000 Military: US\$ 86,000

### MILITARY

1985/6 Military Budget: US\$ 34,521,000

Increase over 1984/5: 15.8%

Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: 1.22% Percent of Government Spending: 6.05%

Total Regular Forces: 30,000

Reserves: 0 Army: 30,000 Navy: 0 Airforce: 0

Combat Aircraft: 1
Naval Vessels: 0

Security Alliance with U.S.: none U.S. Military Installations: none

## INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: not available

1985 Nepalese Direct Investment in the U.S.: not available

## TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: 180,989 Visas to U.S.: 829
U.S. Residents in Nepal: 608 Residents in U.S.: na

## NEW ZEALAND

LAND: 103,883 square miles

Cultivated: 3% Forest: 26.4% Pasture: 52.7%

Resources: natural gas, iron sand, coal, timber

POPULATION: 3,305,000

Annual Population Growth: 1.0%

Projected Population in 2000: 3,600,000

Life Expectancy: 74

Literacy: 98%

Ethnic Divisions: European: 87%, Maori: 9%, Pacific Islander: 2%,

other: 2%

Religions: Christian: 81%, none or unspecified: 18%, other: 1%

Workforce: 1,410,000

Commerce and Services: 33.8% Manufacturing: 22.9% Agriculture and Fishing: 10.5% Construction: 6.1%

Government and Public Authorities: 20.7%

Students: Primary: 452,426 Secondary: 230,970 Tertiary: 190,771

## ECONOMY:

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: New Zealand dollar (100 cents), 1 US\$ = 1.8 NZ\$

Major Industries: food processing, wood and paper products,

textiles, machinery, transportation equipment

Major Agricultural Products: meat, wool, timber, wheat, dairy products

Major Imports: oil and petroleum products, motor vehicles, iron

and steel, machinery, electrical equipment

Major Exports: meat, wool, forest products, dairy products,

fruits and vegetables, aluminum and alloys

Per Capita GNP (1985): US\$ 6,512.

Economic Statistics (Billions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GNP	23.33	24.97	23.69	22.61	22.85	23.2	25.64
GDP Growth	0.7%	4.48	-0.2%	1.6%	6.0%	1.4%	-1.0%
CPI Rise	17.2%	15.3%	16.2%	7.3%	6.2%	15.3%	16.2%
Exports	5.407	5.606	5.644	5.403	5.378	5.714	4.650
to US	0.793	0.820	0.870	0.828	0.880	0.969	1.097
Imports	5.472	5.738	5.793	5.334	6.144	5.943	6.0
from US	0.595	0.922	0.897	0.620	0.708	0.728	0.881

New Zealand is the 38th largest U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: NEW ZEALAND Capital: Wellington, pop. 343,000 (1987)

Type of Government: Parliamentary Democracy within the Commonwealth

Type of Chief of State: British Monarch Name of Chief of State: Queen Elizabeth II

Name of Head of Government: Prime Minister David Lange

Foreign Minister: same

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest)

Political Freedom: 1 Civil Liberties: 1

Status of Freedom: Free

1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 55.3%

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: none Military: none

#### MILITARY

1985/6 Military Budget: US\$ 469,350,000

Increase over 1984/5: 17.3%

Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: 2.1% Percent of Government Spending: 5.1%

Total Regular Forces: 12,615

Reserves: 9,352 Army: 12,615 Navy: 2,617 Airforce: 4,182

Combat Aircraft: 43

Naval Vessels: 4 Frigates, 8 Patrol Craft.

Security Alliance with U.S.: ANZUS treaty signatory. In 1985 New Zealand declared it would not allow nuclear-powered or nuclear -armed U.S. ships to dock, effectively terminating the treaty. In 1986, the U.S. declared it would not honor security obligations to New Zealand due to its anti-nuclear policies.

U.S. Military Installations: none

#### INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: US\$ 549,000,000

1985 New Zealand Direct Investment in the U.S.: US\$ 64,000,000

## TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: 689,073 Visas to U.S.: 42,472 U.S. Residents in New Zealand: 8,216 Residents in U.S.: 679

#### PAKISTAN

LAND: 310,524 square miles

Cultivated: 20.7% Forest: .8% Pasture: .8% Resources: natural gas, petroleum, coal, iron ore

POPULATION: 101,855,000

Annual Population Growth: 2.6%

Projected Population in 2000: 148,700,000

Life Expectancy: 50

Literacy: 24%

Ethnic Divisions: Punjabi: 66%, Sindh: 13%, Pushtun: 8.5%, Urdu: 7.6%

Religions: Muslim: 97%, Christian, Hindu, other: 3%

Workforce: 28,800,000

Commerce and Services: 25.9% Manufacturing: 13.% Agriculture and Fishing: 55.4% Construction: 4.7%

Government and Public Authorities: 1.8

Students: Primary: 8.38m Secondary: 3.12m Tertiary: 600,000

## ECONOMY:

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: Pakistan Rupee (100 paisas), 1 US\$ = 16.7 Rs

Major Industries: cotton textiles, steel, food processing,

tobacco, engineering, chemicals, natural gas

Major Agricultural Products: rice, wheat, cotton

Major Imports: petroleum, cooking oil, defense equipment

Major Exports: sporting goods, rice, cotton, textiles, carpets

Per Capita GNP (1986): US\$ 331.

Economic Statistics (Billions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GNP	25.84	30.91	27.11	26.37	29.84	30.70	32.44
GDP Growth	9.9%	7.8%	4.48	6.9%	4.4%	8.2%	7.3%*
CPI Rise	11.9%	11.9%	5.9%	6.2%	6.6%	7.23%	5.2%
Exports	2.617	2.880	2.401	3.074	2.558	2.738	2.945
to US	0.140	0.189	0.181	0.183	0.268	.299	0.353
Imports	5.349	5.630	5.459	5.326	5.852	5.888	6.146
from US	0.751	0.470	0.538	0.812	1.092	1.042	0.830
*GNP, not GI	OP						

Pakistan is a minor U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF PAKISTAN

Capital: Islamabad, pop. 201,000 (1981)

Type of Government: Parliamentary, with strong executive

Type of Chief of State: President

Name of Chief of State: Mohammed Zia ul-Haq

Name of Head of Government: Mohammed Khan Junejo

Foreign Minister: Shibzada Yaqub Khan

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 4 Civil Liberties: 5

Status of Freedom: Partly Free 1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 16.1%

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: US\$ 336,712,000 Military: US\$ 311,967,000

## MILITARY

1985/6 Military Budget: US\$ 2.067 billion

Increase over 1984/5: 5.6%

Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: 6.6% Percent of Government Spending: 24.%

Total Regular Forces: 480,600

Reserves: 513,000 Army: 450,000 Navy: 13,000 Airforce: 17,600

Combat Aircraft: 373

Naval Vessels: 6 Attack Submarine, 5 Midget Submarines, 8

Destroyers, 8 Fast-Attack Craft (missile), 4 Fast-Attack Craft

(torpedo), 12 Fast-Attack Craft (gun), 5 Patrol Craft, 3 Minesweepers.

Security Alliance with U.S.:

U.S. Military Installations: none

## INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: US\$ 107,000,000

1985 Pakistani Direct Investment in the U.S.: US\$ 16,000,000

## TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: na Visas to U.S.: 30,541 U.S. Residents in Pakistan: 1,869 Residents in U.S.: na

#### PAPUA NEW GUINEA

LAND: 178,704 square miles

Cultivated: 3% Forest: 78% Pasture: 2% Resources: gold, copper, silver, gas, timber

POPULATION: 3,395,000

Annual Population Growth: 2.1%

Projected Population in 2000: 4,500,000

Life Expectancy: 52

Literacy: 32%

Ethnic Divisions: Papuan, Melanesian, Negrito, Micronesian, Polynesian

Religions: Protestant: 63%, Catholic: 31%, local: 6%

Workforce: 73,000

Commerce and Services: 10.5% Manufacturing: 2.5% Agriculture and Fishing: 77.% Construction: 3.%

Government and Public Authorities: 7.%

Students: Primary: 356,729 Secondary: 55,910 Tertiary: 7,624

### **ECONOMY:**

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: Kina (100 toea), 1 US\$ = .96 Kina

Major Industries: saw milling, timber processing, copper mining, fish canning

Major Agricultural Products: coffee, cocoa beans, copra, palm oil, timber, tea

Major Imports: machinery, fuels, food, chemicals

Major Exports: gold, copper, coffee, palm oil, logs, cocoa

Per Capita GNP (1985): US\$ 660.

Economic Statistics (Billions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GDP	2.635	2.486	2.401	2.282	2.4	2.23	na
GDP Growth	-2.3%	3%	1%	2.0%	2.2%	3.0%	na
CPI Rise	12.1%	8.1%	5.5%	7.9%	7.4%	4.3%	6.%
Exports	1.133	0.839	0.773	0.822	0.880	0.921	0.91
to US	0.057	0.055	0.019	0.027	0.029	0.036	0.048
Imports	0.923	1.001	1.017	0.974	0.949	0.814	na
from US	0.038	0.055	0.066	0.084	0.053	0.041	0.051

Papua New Guinea is a minor U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: PAPUA NEW GUINEA

Capital: Port Moresby, pop. 144,000 (1984)

Type of Government: Parliamentary Democracy within the Commonwealth

Type of Chief of State: British Monarch Name of Chief of State: Queen Elizabeth II

Name of Head of Government: Prime Minister Paias Wingti

Foreign Minister: Legu Vagi

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 2 Civil Liberties: 2

Status of Freedom: Free

1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 23.1%

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: US\$ 924,000 Military: US\$ 40,000

## MILITARY

1986 Military Budget: US\$ 34,667,000

Increase over 1985: 11.3%

Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: 1.5% Percent of Government Spending: 4.3%

Total Regular Forces: 3,232

Reserves: 0

Army: 2,846

Navy: 300

Airforce: 86

Combat Aircraft: none

Naval Vessels: 5 Patrol Craft.

Security Alliance with U.S.: none U.S. Military Installations: none

## INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: not available

1985 Papua New Guinean Direct Investment in the U.S.: not available

## TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: na

Visas to U.S.: 318

U.S. Residents in Papua New Guinea: 2,907

Residents in U.S.: na

#### THE PHILIPPINES

LAND: 115,831 square miles

Cultivated: 27.5% Forest: 38.5% Pasture: 2.2%

Resources: timber, petroleum, nickel, iron, cobalt, silver, gold

POPULATION: 58,091,000

Annual Population Growth: 2.2%

Projected Population in 2000: 75,500,000

Life Expectancy: 64

Literacy: 88%

Ethnic Divisions: Christian Malay: 91.5%, Muslim Malay: 4%,

Chinese: 1.5%, other: 3%

Religions: Roman Catholic: 83%, Protestant: 9%, Muslim: 5%,

Buddhist and other: 3%

Workforce: 20,330,000

Commerce and Services: 30.3% Manufacturing: 9.5% Agriculture and Fishing: 49.6% Construction: 3.3%

Government and Public Authorities: 10.5%

Students: Primary: 8.99m Secondary: 3.51m Tertiary: 1.59m

## **ECONOMY:**

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: Philippine Peso, 1 US\$ = 20.4 Pesos

Major Industries: textiles, pharmaceuticals, wood products, food processing, electronics assembly

Major Agricultural Products: rice, coconut products, sugarcane, corn, bananas, abaca, tobacco

Major Imports: petroleum, industrial equipment, wheat

Major Exports: coconut products, sugar, logs and lumber, copper concentrates, bananas, garments, nickel, electrical components, gold Per Capita GNP (1985): US\$ 560.

Economic Statistics (Billions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GNP	34.80	37.02	36.57	27.09	27.25	31.91	30.2
GDP Growth	5.2%	3.9%	2.9%	1.1%	-5.5%	-3.95%	0.18%
CPI Rise	18.2%	13.1%	10.2%	10.0%	50.3%	23.1%	2.8%
Exports	5.787	5.720	5.019	4.932	5.342	4.614	4.17
to US	1.913	2.161	1.956	2.160	2.622	2.334	2.150
Imports	8.294	8.477	8.262	7.863	6.262	5.351	5.89
from US	1.999	1.787	1.854	1.807	1.766	1.379	1.363

The Philippines is a minor U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

Capital: Manila, pop. 1,600,000 (1981)

Type of Government: Republic

Type of Chief of State: President

Name of Chief of State: Corazon Aquino

Name of Head of Government: same

Foreign Minister: Vice President Salvador Laurel

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 4 Civil Liberties: 3

Status of Freedom: Partly Free 1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 22.3%

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: US\$ 383,655,000 Military: US\$ 105,038,000

#### MILITARY

1986 Military Budget: US\$ 510,949,000

Increase over 1985: 7.7%

Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: 1.3% Percent of Government Spending: 10.7%

Total Regular Forces: 113,000

Reserves: 48,000 Army: 70,000

Navy: 26,000 Airforce: 17,000

Combat Aircraft: 71

Naval Vessels: 7 Frigates, 10 Corvettes, 86 Patrol Craft.

Security Alliance with U.S.: U.S.-Philippine Mutual Defense

Treaties: 1957, 1983

U.S. Military Installations: Subic Naval Base, Clark Field Airbase

### INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: US\$ 983,000,000

1985 Philippine Direct Investment in the U.S.: US\$ 120,000,000

#### TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: 773,074 Visas to U.S.: 68,560

U.S. Residents in the Philippines: 40,000 Residents in U.S.: 47,970

#### SINGAPORE

LAND: 239 square miles

Cultivated: 9.5% Forest: 4.6% Pasture: na

Resources: none

POPULATION: 2,584,000

Annual Population Growth: 1.1%

Projected Population in 2000: 2,900,000

Life Expectancy: 71

Literacy: 84.2%

Ethnic Divisions: Chinese: 76.4%, Malay: 14.9%, Indian: 6.4%,

other: 2.3%

Religions: Buddhists, Muslims, Christians, Hindus, Sikhs

Workforce: 1,180,000

Commerce and Services: 62.9% Manufacturing: 25.% Agriculture and Fishing: 0.7% Construction: 8.7%

Government and Public Authorities: 16.%

Students: Primary: 278,060 Secondary: 190,328 Tertiary: 39,693

## ECONOMY:

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: Singapore dollar (100 cents), 1 US\$ = 2.16 S\$

Major Industries: petroleum refining, rubber processing, electronics processed food and beverages, ship repair, financial services

Major Agricultural Products: none

Major Imports: capital equipment, manufactured goods, petroleum, goods for re-export

Major Exports: machinery, manufactured goods, transportation equipment, petroleum, rubber, electronics

Per Capita GNP (1985): US\$ 5,847.

Economic Statistics (Billions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GDP	11.314	13.582	14.928	16.644	18.158	17.7*	18.03*
GDP Growth	10.3%	9.9%	6.3%	7.9%	8.1%	-1.8%	1.9%
CPI Rise	8.5%	8.3%	3.9%	1.2%	2.6%	0.5%	-1.%
Exports	19.377	20.970	20.787	21.832	24.070	22.808	22.3
to US	1.985	2.195	2.274	2.969	4.120	4.412	4.884
Imports	24.013	27.571	28.176	28.158	28.667	26.237	25.6
from US	3.033	3.003	3.214	3.759	3.675	3.476	3.380
*GNP, not G	DP						

Singapore is the 18th largest U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: REPUBLIC OF SINGAPORE

Capital: Singapore, pop. 2,584,000 (1986)

Type of Government: Republic

Type of Chief of State: President Name of Chief of State: Wee Kim Wee

Name of Head of Government: Prime Minister Lee Kuan Yew

Foreign Minister: S. Dhanabalan

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 4 Civil Liberties: 5

Status of Freedom: Partly Free 1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 23.6%

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: none

Military: US\$ 47,000

#### MILITARY

1985/6 Military Budget: US\$ 1.201 billion

Increase over 1984/5: 14.8%

Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: 6.25% Percent of Government Spending: 15.4%

Total Regular Forces: 55,500

Reserves: 182,000 Army: 45,000 Navy: 4,500 Airforce: 6,000

Comabt Aircraft: 155

Naval Vessels: 6 Fast-Attack Craft (missile), 6 Fast-Attack Craft (gun), 12 Patrol Craft, 2 Minesweepers

Security Alliance with U.S.: none, although U.S. and Singaporean forces periodically exercise together.
U.S. Military Installations: none

## INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: US\$ 1,897,000,000

1985 Singaporean Direct Investment in the U.S.: US\$ 238,000,000

#### TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: 3,030,000 Visas to U.S.: 18,101 U.S. Residents in Singapore: 9,500 Residents in U.S.: 460

## SOLOMON ISLANDS

<u>LAND:</u> 10,640 square miles

Cultivated: na Forest: na Pasture: na

Resources: forests, marine shells, coconuts

POPULATION: 283,000

Annual Population Growth: 3.5% Projected Population in 2000: na

Life Expectancy: 54

Literacy: 60%

Ethnic Divisions: Melanesian: 93%, Polynesian: 4%,

Micronesian: 1.5%, European: .8%

Religions: Anglican: 34%, Catholic: 19%, Evangelical: 24%,

Traditional Religions, others: 23%

Workforce: na

Commerce and Services: na Manufacturing: na Agriculture and Fishing: 35% Construction: na

Government and Public Authorities: na

Students: Primary: na Secondary: na Tertiary: na

ECONOMY:

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: Australian dollar (100 cents), 1 US\$ = 1.5 A\$

Major Industries: fish canning

Major Agricultural Products: coconuts, copra, timber

Major Imports: na

Major Exports: copra, timber, fish Per Capita GNP (1983): US\$ 583.

Economic Statistics (Millions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GDP	149.34	159.29	151.68	145.89	na	na	na
GDP Growth	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
CPI Rise	13.1%	16.4%	13.0%	6.9%	11.0%	9.6%	14.1%
Exports	73.26	66.43	57.27	62.15	89.78	77.11	62.2#
to US	14.99	14.87	0.54	6.98	1.05	1.67	na
Imports	75.69	82.90	57.65	61.89	65.58	69.98	67.#
from US	2.43	3.34	3.18	2.48	2.18	1.00	na
#estimate							

The Solomon Islands are a minor U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: SOLOMON ISLANDS

Capital: Honiara, pop. 19,200 (1981)

Type of Government: Parliamentary Democracy within the Commonwealth

Type of Chief of State: British Monarch, represented by a Governor-General

Name of Chief of State: Queen Elizabeth II, Sir Braddeley Devesi

Name of Head of Government: Prime Minister David Alebua

Foreign Minister: Paul Tovua

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 2 Civil Liberties: 3

Status of Freedom: Free

1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 48.1%

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: US\$ 1,245,000 Military: US\$ 8,000

## **MILITARY**

1986 Military Budget: not available Increase over 1985: not available

Expentiture as Percentage of GNP: not available Percent of Government Spending: not available

Total Regular Forces: na

Reserves: na Army: na Navy: na Airforce: na

Combat Aircraft: not available Naval Vessels: not available

Security Alliance with U.S.: none U.S. Military Installations: none

## INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: not available

1985 Solomon Island Direct Investment in the U.S: not available

## TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: na Visas to U.S.: 53

U.S. Residents in Solomon Islands: na Residents in U.S.: na

#### SRI LANKA

LAND: 25,332 square miles

Cultivated: 35.7% Forest: 44.2% Pasture: 6.5%

Resources: limestone, graphite, mineral sands, gems, phosphates

POPULATION: 16,638,000

Annual Population Growth: 1.8%

Projected Population in 2000: 20,700,000

Life Expectancy: 68

Literacy: 87%

Ethnic Divisions: Sinhalese: 74%, Tamil: 18%, Moor: 7%, Burger,

Malay, Veddha: 1%

Religions: Buddhist: 69%, Hindu: 15%, Christian: 8%, Muslim: 8%

Workforce: 4,700,000

Commerce and Services: 25.2% Manufacturing: 12.% Agriculture and Fishing: 45.9% Construction: 4.8%

Government and Public Authorities: na

Students: Primary: na Secondary: na Tertiary: na

## **ECONOMY:**

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: Sri Lankan Rupee (100 cents), 1 US\$ = 26.3 Rs

Major Industries: rubber processing, manufacture of consumer

goods, garments, tea and coconut processing

Major Agricultural Products: tea, rice, rubber, coconuts

Major Imports: petroleum, machinery, transport equipment,

sugar, textiles

Major Exports: tea, rubber, petroleum products, textiles, coconuts Per Capita GNP (1985): US\$ 339.

Economic Statistics (Billions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GDP	4.023	4.416	4.764	5.166	5.999	5.38*	6.43
GDP Growth	5.8%	5.8%	5.1%	5.0%	4.1%	5.3%	4.5%
CPI Rise	26.2%	17.9%	10.8%	14.0%	16.6%	1.5%	12.%
Exports	1.03	1.02	0.996	1.05	1.43	1.26	1.248
to US	0.140	0.172	0.195	0.206	0.301	0.313	0.374
Imports	2.02	1.90	1.77	1.79	1.84	1.83	1.944
from US	0.062	0.090	0.198	0.075	0.092	0.073	0.063
*GNP, not G	DP						

Sri Lanka is a minor U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: DEMOCRATIC SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF SRI LANKA

Capital: Colombo, pop. 1,262,000 (1983)

Type of Government: Republic

Type of Chief of State: President

Name of Chief of State: Junius Richard Jayewardene

Name of Head of Government: same

Foreign Minister: Abdul Cader Shahul Hameed

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 3 Civil Liberties: 4

Status of Freedom: Partly Free

1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 16.8%

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: US\$ 64,870,000 Military: US\$ 160,000

#### MILITARY

1986 Military Budget: US\$ 311,159,000

Increase over 1985: 36.4%

Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: 4.5% Percent of Government Spending: 7.1%

Total Regular Forces: 37,660

Reserves: 16,100 Army: 30,000 Navy: 3,960 Airforce: 3,700

Combat Aircraft: 6

Naval Vessels: 6 Fast-Attack Craft (gun), 44 Patrol Craft.

Security Alliance with U.S.: none U.S. Military Installations: none

## INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: US\$ 12,000,000

1985 Sri Lankan Direct Investment in the U.S.: US\$ 0

#### TOURTSM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: 257,456 U.S. Residents in Sri Lanka: 450 Visas to U.S.: 4,485 Residents in U.S.: 553

## TAIWAN (CHINA, REPUBLIC OF)

LAND: 13,814 square miles

Cultivated: 25% Forest: 64% Pasture: na

Resources: small deposits of coal, natural gas, limestone,

marble, asbestos

POPULATION: 19,601,000

Annual Population Growth: 1.4%

Projected Population in 2000: 22,400,000

Life Expectancy: 73

Literacy: 94%

Ethnic Divisions: Taiwanese: 84%, Mainland Chinese: 14%, Aboriginal: 2%

Religions: Buddhist, Confucian and Taoist: 93%, Christian: 4.5%

Workforce: 7,600,000

Commerce and Services: 34.8% Manufacturing: 32.5% Agriculture and Fishing: 17.% Construction: 6.8%

Government and Public Authorities: na

Students: Primary: 2.31m Secondary: 1.67m Tertiary: 428,576

## ECONOMY:

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: New Taiwan Dollar, 1 US\$ = 35.75 NT\$

Major Industries: textiles, clothing, chemicals, electronics, food processing, plywood, sugar milling, cement, shipbuilding Major Agricultural Products: rice, sweet potatoes, sugarcane, bananas, pineapples, citrus fruits

Major Imports: machinery and equipment, crude oil, chemicals, chemical products, basic metals, foodstuffs, machine tools Major Exports: textiles, electrical machinery, general machinery, telecommunications equipment, basic metals, foodstuffs, plywood Per Capita GNP (1985): US\$ 3,751.

Economic Statistics (Billions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GNP	46.7	49.3	51.0	54.1	57.7	60.08	72.621
GNP Growth	6.6%	5.5%	3.8%	7.5%	10.9%	4.3%	10.8%
CPI Rise	19.0%	16.3%	3.1%	1.4%	0.8	-0.2%	2.46%
Exports	19.77	22.52	22.09	25.09	30.42	30.69	39.8
to US	7.366	8.631	9.586	12.110	16.088	17.761	21.252
Imports	19.75	21.13	18.81	20.31	21.99	20.12	24.2
from US	4.336	4.304	4.367	4.667	5.003	4.699	5.524

Taiwan is the 6th largest U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: REPUBLIC OF CHINA

Capital: Taipei, pop. 2,388,000 (1984)

Type of Government: One-Party Dominant Republic

Type of Chief of State: President

Name of Chief of State: Chiang Ching-kuo

Name of Head of Government: Premier Yu Kuo-hwa

Foreign Minister: Ding Mou-shih

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 5 Civil Liberties: 5

Status of Freedom: Partly Free

1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N: Withdrew from U.N. in 1971

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: none Military: none

#### MILITARY

1986/7 Military Budget: US\$ 4.2 billion

Increase over 1985/6: 2.4%

Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: 8.2%

Percent of Government Spending: 35.%

Total Regular Forces: 424,000

Reserves: 1,457,000 Army: 270,000

Navy: 38,000 Airforce: 77,000

Combat Aircraft: 562

Naval Vessels: 2 Attack Submarines, 26 Destroyers, 9 Frigates, 4 Corvettes, 53 Fast-Attack Craft (missile), 28 Patrol Craft, 8

Mine Counter-measure Vessels.

Security Alliance with U.S.: 1954 Mutual Defense Treaty

(abrogated by Pres. Carter in 1979), security guarantees in

1979 Taiwan Relations Act.

U.S. Military Installations: none

## INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: US\$ 754,000,000

1985 Taiwanese Direct Investment in the U.S.: US\$ 75,000,000

## TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: 1,450,000

U.S. Residents in Taiwan: na Residents

Visas to U.S.: 76,319
Residents in U.S.: 14,895

## THAILAND

LAND: 198,500 square miles

Cultivated: 36.5% Forest: 29.5% Pasture: 1.1%

Resources: tin, rubber, natural gas, tungsten, timber, fish

POPULATION: 52,438,000

Annual Population Growth: 1.7%

Projected Population in 2000: 65,400,000

Life Expectancy: 63

Literacy: 84%

Ethnic Divisions: Thai: 75%, Chinese: 14%, other: 11% Religions: Buddhist: 95.5%, Muslim: 4%, other: .5%

Workforce: 29,140,000

Commerce and Services: 19.2% Manufacturing: 8.3% Agriculture and Fishing: 62.% Construction: 2.%

Government and Public Authorities: 4.9%

Students: Primary: 7.82m Secondary: 2.24m Tertiary: 379,648

### ECONOMY:

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: Baht (100 satang), 1 US\$ = 26 Baht

Major Industries: agricultural processing, textiles, wood,

cement, tin and tungsten ore mining

Major Agricultural Products: rice, sugar, corn, rubber, manioc

Major Imports: machinery and transportation equipment, fuels and

lubricants, base metals, chemicals and fertilizers

Major Exports: rice, sugar, corn, rubber, tin, tapioca, textiles

and garments, integrated circuits, canned seafood, fruit

Per Capita GNP (1985): US\$ 720.

Economic Statistics (Billions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	
GDP	32.59	33.23	35.64	39.08	35.35	37.91	39.30*	
GDP Growth	5.8%	5.8%	5.1%	5.0%	4.1%	4.1%	4.8%*	
CPI Rise	19.7%	12.7%	5.3%	3.7%	.9%	2.42%	1.7%	
Exports	6.501	7.026	6.934	6.367	7.414	7.169	8.7	
to US	0.866	1.007	0.956	1.035	1.426	1.543	1.872	
Imports	9.212	9.954	8.531	10.282	10.415	9.408	9.0	
from US	1.263	1.170	0.915	1.063	1.113	0.849	0.936	
*GNP, not GDP								

Thailand is the 30th largest U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: KINGDOM OF THAILAND

Capital: Bangkok, pop. 4,700,000 (1980)

Type of Government: Constitutional Monarchy

Type of Chief of State: King

Name of Chief of State: Bhumibol Adulyadej (Rama IX)

Name of Head of Government: Prime Minister Prem Tinsulanond

Foreign Minister: Siddhi Savetsila

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 3 Civil Liberties: 4

Status of Freedom: Partly Free 1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 22.4%

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: US\$ 35,003,000 Military: US\$ 87,522,000

## MILITARY

1985/6 Military Budget: US\$ 1.517 billion

Increase over 1984/5: -13.4%

Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: 4.28% Percent of Government Spending: 30.78%

Total Regular Forces: 256,000

Reserves: 500,000 Army: 166,000 Navy: 42,000 Airforce: 48,000

Combat Aircraft: 183

Naval Vessels: 6 Frigates, 6 Fast-Attack Craft (missile), 3 Fast-Attack Craft (qun), 98 Patrol Craft, 12 Mine Counter-measure Vessels.

Security Alliance with U.S.: informal Rusk-Thanat Communique of 1962, U.S. and Thai forces also participate in annual military exercises. U.S. Military Installations: none

## INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: US\$ 1,022,000,000 1985 Thai Direct Investment in the U.S.: US\$ 13,000,000

## TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: 2,400,000 Visas to U.S.: 17,002 U.S. Residents in Thailand: 8,953 Residents in U.S.: 5,239

## VANUATU

LAND: 4,707 square miles

Cultivated: na Forest: na Pasture: na Resources: manganese, hardwood, cattle, fish

POPULATION: 136,000

Annual Population Growth: 3.2% Projected Population in 2000: na

Life Expectancy: 55 Literacy: 10-20%

Ethnic Divisions: Melanesian: 90%, French: 8%, other: 2% Religions: Presbyterian: 40%, Anglican: 14%, Catholic: 16%,

Animist: 15%

Workforce: na

Commerce and Services: na Manufacturing: na Agriculture and Fishing: na Construction: na

Government and Public Authorities: na

Students: Primary: na Secondary: na Tertiary: na

ECONOMY:

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: Australian dollar (100 cents), 1 US\$ = 1.5 A\$

Major Industries: fish-freezing, canneries, tourism

Major Agricultural Products: copra, cocoa, coffee, taro, yams

Major Imports: food

Major Exports: copra, frozen fish, meat

Per Capita GDP (1984): US\$ 592.

Economic Statistics (Millions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
na	na	na	na	77.	na	na
na	na	na	na	na	5.0%	na
11.2%	27.5%	6.2%	1.7%	5.5%	0.8%	5.8%#
35.86	32.18	22.87	29.60	43.30	34.39	14.8#
12.07	7.46	5.83	5.39	na	na	na
75.19	58.20	58.85	63.96	29.34	57.35	53.8#
0.84	0.39	0.60	0.52	na	na	na
	na na 11.2% 35.86 12.07 75.19	na na na 11.2% 27.5% 35.86 32.18 12.07 7.46 75.19 58.20	na     na     na       na     na     na       11.2%     27.5%     6.2%       35.86     32.18     22.87       12.07     7.46     5.83       75.19     58.20     58.85	na     na     na     na       na     na     na     na       11.2%     27.5%     6.2%     1.7%       35.86     32.18     22.87     29.60       12.07     7.46     5.83     5.39       75.19     58.20     58.85     63.96	na     na     na     na     77.       na     na     na     na     na       11.2%     27.5%     6.2%     1.7%     5.5%       35.86     32.18     22.87     29.60     43.30       12.07     7.46     5.83     5.39     na       75.19     58.20     58.85     63.96     29.34	na         na         na         na         77.         na           na         na         na         na         5.0%           11.2%         27.5%         6.2%         1.7%         5.5%         0.8%           35.86         32.18         22.87         29.60         43.30         34.39           12.07         7.46         5.83         5.39         na         na           75.19         58.20         58.85         63.96         29.34         57.35

Vanuatu is no longer a U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: REPUBLIC OF VANUATU

Capital: Port-Vila, pop. 15,100 (1979)

Type of Government: Republic

Type of Chief of State: President

Name of Chief of State: George Sokomanu

Name of Head of Government: Prime Minister Walter Lini

Foreign Minister: Sela Molisa

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 2 Civil Liberties: 4

Status of Freedom: Partly Free 1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 13.4%

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: none Military: none

## MILITARY

Vanuatu maintains no armed forces

Security Alliance with U.S.: none U.S. Military Installations: none

## INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: na

1985 Vanuatuan Direct Investment in the U.S.: na

### TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: na

Visas to U.S.: 23

U.S. Residents in Vanuatu: na Residents in U.S.: na

#### VIETNAM

LAND: 127,207 square miles

Cultivated: 20% Forest: 31.3% Pasture: 14.8%

Resources: phosphates, coal, manganese, bauxite, apatite, chromate

POPULATION: 61,994,000

Annual Population Growth: 2.5%

Projected Population in 2000: 85,300,000

Life Expectancy: 64

Literacy: 78%

Ethnic Divisions: Vietnamese: 85-90%, Chinese: 3%, Muong, Thai,

Meo, Khmer, Man, Cham: 7-12%

Religions: Buddhism, Confucianism, Taoism, Catholicism, Islam

Workforce: 34,000,000

Commerce and Services: 5.% Manufacturing: 14.% Agriculture and Fishing: 73.% Construction: na

Government and Public Authorities: na

Students: Primary: na Secondary: na Tertiary: na

## **ECONOMY:**

Economic System: socialist

Currency: Dong (10 hao), 1 US\$ = 80 Dong

Major Industries: food processing, textiles, machinebuilding, mining, cement, chemical fertilizer, glass, tires

Major Agricultural Products: rice rubber, fruits and vegetables,

corn, manioc, sugarcane

Major Imports: petroleum, steel, railroad equipment, chemicals, medicines, military equipment, wheat, corn, fertilizer

Major Exports: agricultural and handicraft products, coal, ores Per Capita GNP (1984): US\$ 152.

Economic Statistics (Millions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GDP	na	na	na	na	8900.	na	na
GDP Growth	na	na	na	na	8.8	8.8	4.6%
CPI Rise	na	na	na	na	na	na	700.%
Exports	156.2	615.	475.	538.	595.	665.	na
to US	0.	0.1	0.	0.	0.1	0.	0.2
Imports	883.1	1200.	1115. 2	1240.	1470.	1500.	na
from US	1.2	11.3	35.3	22.8	24.3	20.2	30.0

Vietnam is a very minor U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM

Capital: Hanoi, pop. 2,000,000 (1981)

Type of Government: Communist State

Type of Chief of State: Secretary General, Vietnamese Communist Party

Name of Chief of State: Nguyen Van Linh

Name of Head of Government: Prime Minister Pham Hung

Foreign Minister: Nguyen Co Thach

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 lowest)

Political Freedom: 7 Civil Liberties: 7

Status of Freedom: Not Free

1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 6.5%

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: none Military: none

## **MILITARY**

1986 Military Budget: not available Increase over 1985: not available

Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: not available

Percent of Government Spending: not available

Total Regular Forces: 1,155,000

Reserves:

Army: 1,000,000

Navy: 40,000

Airforce: 15,000

Combat Aircraft: 293

Naval Vessels: 6 Frigates, 8 Fast-Attack Craft (missile), 12

Fast-Attack Craft (torpedo), 22 Fast-Attack Craft (gun), 26

Patrol Craft, 12 Mine Counter-measure Vessels.

Security Alliance with U.S.: none

U.S. Military Installations: none

Soviet Military Installations: Cam Rahn Bay Air/Naval Base, Da

Nang Air/Naval Base, Tan Son Nhat Air Base.

## INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: not available

1985 Vietnamese Direct Investment in the U.S.: not available

#### TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: na

Visas to U.S.: 663

U.S. Residents in Vietnam: na

Residents in U.S.: na

## WESTERN SAMOA

LAND: 1,133 square miles

Cultivated: 24% Forest: 65% Pasture: na

Resources: hardwood, fish, copra, cocoa

POPULATION: 165,000

Annual Population Growth: .8% Projected Population in 2000: na

Life Expectancy: 63

Literacy: 90%

Ethnic Divisions: Samoan: 88%, Euronesian: 10%, others: 2%

Religions: Protestant: 70%, Catholic: 20%, other Christian: 10%

Workforce: na

Commerce and Services: na Manufacturing: na Agriculture and Fishing: na Construction: na

Government and Public Authorities: na

Students: Primary: na Secondary: na Tertiary: na

ECONOMY:

Economic System: free enterprise

Currency: Western Samoan Tala, 1 US\$ = 1.5 WS Tala (2/84)

Major Industries: timber, tourism, light industry

Major Agricultural Products: cocoa, bananas, copra, coconuts, yams

Major Imports: food, manufactured goods, machinery

Major Exports: copra, cocoa, timber, mineral fuel, bananas

Per Capita GNP: US\$ 770. (1984)

# Economic Statistics (Millions of US\$, percentages where appropriate)

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
GDP	na	na	na	na	50.0	na	na
GDP Growth	-6.1%	-9.1%	-1.0%	.5%	na	na	na
CPI Rise	33.0%	20.5%	18.3%	16.5%	11.9%	9.1%	4.34%
Exports	17.24	11.29	13.33	16.78	21.39	36.66	na
to US	1.03	1.35	3.73	5.52	6.00	22.55	1.5
Imports	62.63	67.09	49.77	48.43	68.08	53.30	na
from US	5.38	15.62	4.83	5.37	3.96	1.98	2.1

Western Samoa is a very minor U.S. trading partner.

Official Name of Country: INDEPENDENT STATE OF WESTERN SAMOA

Capital: Apia, pop. 35,000 (1983)

Type of Government: Constitutional Monarchy under native chief

Type of Chief of State: King

Name of Chief of State: Malietoa Tanumafili II

Name of Head of Government: Prime Minister Vaai Kolone

Foreign Minister: same

1985 Freedom House Index (1 is highest, 7 is lowest)

Political Freedom: 4 Civil Liberties: 3

Status of Freedom: Partly Free 1985 Voting with U.S. at U.N.: 27.4%

FY1986 U.S. Foreign Assistance (Actual Obligations)

Economic: US\$ 1,018,000

Military: none

## **MILITARY**

1986 Military Budget: US\$ not available

Increase over 1985: not available

Expenditure as Percentage of GNP: not available Percent of Government Spending: not available

Total Regular Forces: na

Reserves: na.

Army: na

Navy: na

Airforce: na

Aircraft: 0

Naval Vessels: 0

Security Alliance with U.S.: none U.S. Military Installations: none

## INVESTMENT

1985 U.S. Direct Investment: not available

1985 Western Samoan Direct Investment in the U.S.: not available

### TOURISM

1985 Tourist Arrivals: na Visas to U.S.: 1,436

U.S. Residents in Western Samoa: na

Residents in U.S.: na