France’s economic freedom score is 62.5, making its economy the 62nd freest in the 2024 Index of Economic Freedom. Its rating has decreased by 1.1 points from last year, and France is ranked 32nd out of 44 countries in the Europe region. The country’s economic freedom score is higher than the world average and lower than the regional average. France’s economy is considered “moderately free” according to the 2024 Index.

The French economy remains diversified and relatively resilient with such institutional strengths as strong protection of property rights and a fairly efficient regulatory framework facilitating entrepreneurial activity. Reforms to increase economic competitiveness and flexibility have yielded marginal progress. Labor regulations are rigid, and the labor market lacks the capacity to generate more vibrant employment growth. The government has partially or fully privatized many large companies but maintains a strong presence in such sectors as power, public transport, and defense.

**ECONOMIC FREEDOM SCORE**

**FRANCE**

**ECONOMIC FREEDOM STATUS:**

**REGIONAL RANK:** 32

**WORLD RANK:** 62

**ECONOMIC FREEDOM STATUS:** MODERATELY FREE

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**QUICK FACTS**

- **POPULATION:** 67.5 million
- **GDP (PPP):** $3.7 trillion
- **UNEMPLOYMENT:** 8.1%
- **INFLATION (CPI):** 5.9%
- **FDI INFLOW:** $36.4 billion
- **PUBLIC DEBT:** 111.8% of GDP

2022 data unless otherwise noted. Data compiled as of October 2023.
The overall rule of law is well respected in France. The country’s property rights score is above the world average; its judicial effectiveness score is above the world average; and its government integrity score is above the world average.

France’s overall regulatory environment is well institutionalized and relatively efficient. The country’s business freedom score is far above the world average; its labor freedom score is above the world average; and its monetary freedom score is above the world average.

The trade-weighted average tariff rate (common among EU members) is 2.9 percent, and more than 600 EU-mandated nontariff measures are in force along with country-specific nontariff barriers. Investment in some sectors is restricted. The financial sector is modern and mostly in private hands.