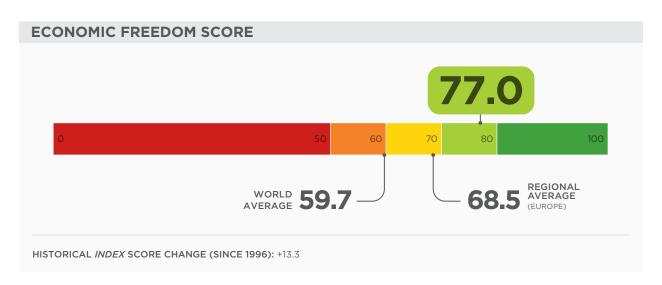
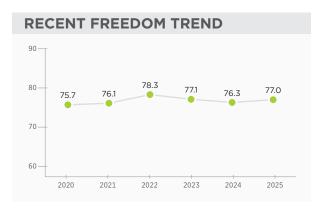


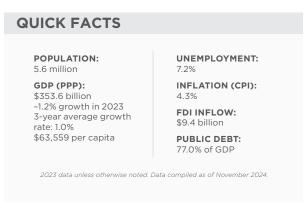
## **FINLAND**

inland's economic freedom score is 77, making its economy the 13th freest in the 2025 *Index of Economic Freedom*. Its rating has increased by 0.7 point from last year, and Finland is ranked 9th out of 44 countries in the Europe region. The country's economic freedom score is higher than the world and regional averages. Finland's economy is considered "mostly free" according to the 2025 *Index*.

Finland's economy is open and transparent. The legal framework is among the world's best, and property rights are protected. The rule of law is respected, and a minimum tolerance of corruption remains a strong tradition. Finland has long benefited from open-market policies that support dynamic trade and investment. The business framework encourages innovation and productivity growth. The labor market is characterized by high costs and burdensome regulations. The non-salary cost of employing a worker is high, and the severance payment system remains costly.

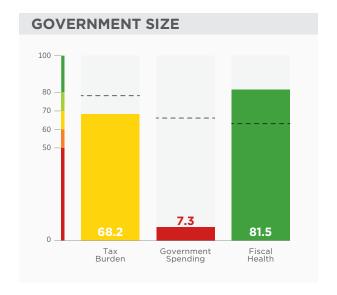






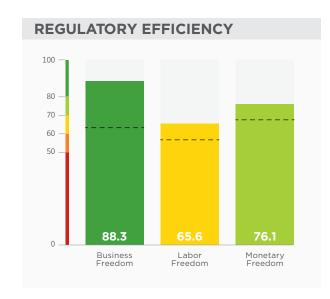
## 12 ECONOMIC FREEDOMS | FINLAND

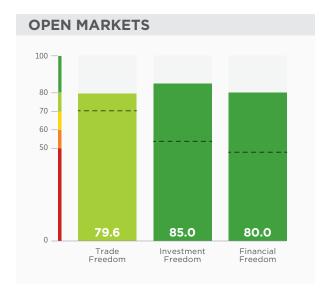




The overall rule of law is very well respected in Finland. The country's property rights score is above the world average; its judicial effectiveness score is above the world average; and its government integrity score is above the world average.

The top individual income tax rate is 31.25 percent, and the top corporate tax rate is 20 percent. The tax burden equals 42.4 percent of GDP. Three-year government spending and budget balance averages are, respectively, 55.6 percent and –2.0 percent of GDP. Public debt amounts to 77.0 percent of GDP.





Finland's overall regulatory environment is well institutionalized and relatively efficient. The country's business freedom score is far above the world average; its labor freedom score is above the world average; and its monetary freedom score is well above the world average.

The trade-weighted average tariff rate (common among EU members) is 2.7 percent, and more than 600 EU-mandated nontariff measures are in force along with an additional nine country-specific nontariff barriers. Sound and transparent frameworks facilitate investment. The financial sector provides a wide range of services.