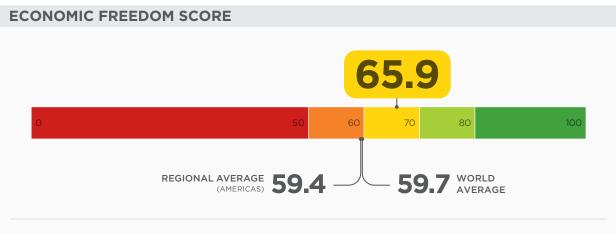


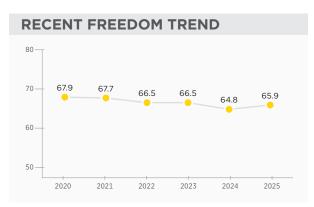
# PERU

Peru's economic freedom score is 65.9, making its economy the 54th freest in the 2025 *Index of Economic Freedom*. Its rating has increased by 1.1 points from last year, and Peru is ranked 9th out of 32 countries in the Americas region. The country's economic freedom score is higher than the world and regional averages. Peru's economy is considered "moderately free" according to the 2025 *Index*.

Economic reforms have supported economic expansion and gradual reductions in poverty. Open-market policies that support trade and investment have been institutionalized, but corruption and the weak rule of law continue to undermine prospects for long-term economic development. Peru's evolving entrepreneurial sector benefits from increased access to financing and improved regulatory efficiency. Recent reforms have dismantled barriers to launching and running private enterprises, but political instability and social unrest have a negative impact on business freedom. Employment regulations are gradually becoming more flexible.







#### **QUICK FACTS**

**POPULATION:** 33.7 million

**GDP (PPP):** \$574.3 billion -0.6% growth in 2023 3-year average growth rate: 5.2% \$17,025 per capita

## **UNEMPLOYMENT:** 4.8%

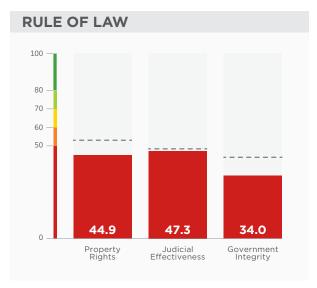
**INFLATION (CPI):** 6.3%

**FDI INFLOW:** \$11.7 billion

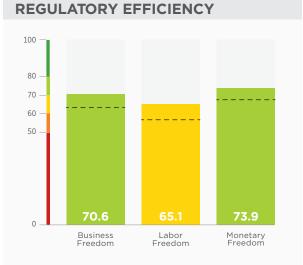
PUBLIC DEBT: 33.0% of GDP

2023 data unless otherwise noted. Data compiled as of November 2024.

## 12 ECONOMIC FREEDOMS | PERU

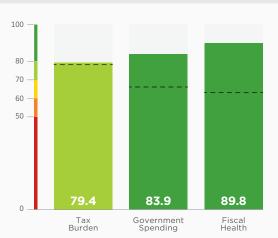


The overall rule of law is weak in Peru. The country's property rights score is below the world average; its judicial effectiveness score is below the world average; and its government integrity score is below the world average.

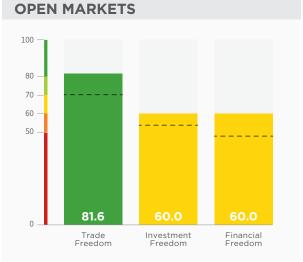


Peru's overall regulatory environment is relatively well institutionalized but lacks efficiency. The country's business freedom score is above the world average; its labor freedom score is above the world average; and its monetary freedom score is above the world average.

### **GOVERNMENT SIZE**



The top individual income tax rate is 30 percent, and the top corporate tax rate is 29.5 percent. The tax burden equals 17.0 percent of GDP. Threeyear government spending and budget balance averages are, respectively, 23.2 percent and –2.2 percent of GDP. Public debt amounts to 33.0 percent of GDP.



The trade-weighted average tariff rate is 1.7 percent, and approximately 400 nontariff measures are in force. The economy is relatively open to foreign investment, but regulatory unpredictability impedes dynamic investment. About 50 percent of adult Peruvians have an account with a formal banking institution.